

Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr. Sec. School, Banga Class 10th (Term - I)

Subject: English

M.M. 80

SECTION A: READING SKILLS

(20 MARKS)

1. Read the following passage carefully:

- 1. Floods are not new to India and this subcontinent, but in recent years the problem of flooding has received much greater attention, perhaps largely because it has led to greater damage now than it did in the past. Even though information on the impending occurrence of floods is now more accurate and certainly more timely, often there is very little time or support infrastructure in place by which damage can be minimised. This is particularly true in the case of flash floods resulting from sudden and excessive heavy rain.
- 2. In the case of India, Flooding is very much related to the seasonal nature of our rainfall. The monsoons are spread over a short period during the year and often bring a concentrated volume of rain, which cannot be absorbed by the earth and finds an outlet only in the form of streams that join up with our major river systems. Flooding due to heavy rain is confined not only to the main rivers of the country, but also affects smaller tributaries and streams. Once these streams spill over their banks they could cause excessive harm. mainly because those living near the banks of these streams, particularly in mountain areas, do not have easy recourse to moving away quickly.
- **3.** One major factor that could lead to a higher severity of flooding in the future is the danger of climate change. While the evidence of the nature of impacts, resulting from climate change on precipitation and flooding at the regional level, is not entirely clear, it could happen that the Indian subcontinent witnesses and suffers the effects of a significantly changed pattern of monsoons. One set of scientists has estimated that the monsoons could be shorter in duration but far more intensive; in other words, much greater precipitation would take place in a much shorter period of time, thereby increasing the danger of floods. Climate change is the result of human actions through the increased concentration of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere, of which carbon dioxide is the most prominent.
- **4.** At the local level also human actions have heightened the danger of floods through the cutting of trees in the mountains as well as in the plains. In case of India, the ecological damage through deforestation of the Himalayas has led to large-scale erosion of the mountain slopes and high levels of siltation. These lead to the deposition of silt on the riverbeds in the plains and hence spillover of water whenever the volume in the river reaches a certain level. With siltation on the riverbeds, flooding occurs even at very shallow water levels. The vulnerability of the population has increased substantially because of slum population pressures. An example is the stubborn and perhaps helpless settling of dwellers on the banks of the river Yamuna in Delhi, who become victims of flooding What is a mere trickle most of the year, bursts its banks during the monsoons, as has been the case in recent years.
- **5.** Flood forecasting is critical to minimising the damage from floods. It is for this reason that the Central Water Commission has set up a network of forecasting stations, which cover the most important flood-prone interstate rivers in the country. These stations produce forecasts that are used to alert the public and to mobilize various official agencies so that they take both preventive as well as relief measures, whenever required. However, even in cases where forecasts have been timely and generally accurate, people have often been reluctant to move away, because in most cases they lack the means and physical options for moving away from a danger zone to one that is relatively safe. In the case of flash floods, forecasts are difficult to make, and often the time available for relief is very short.

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the questions given below:

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- (a) The problem of floods has been considered more important recently because
 - (i) floods have led to much greater damage now than in the past.

- (ii) floods are resulting in increased relocation.
- (iii) floods occur only during the monsoon season
- (iv) of problems of frequent tornadoes and cyclones in the subcontinent.
- (b) Specify the option that displays what the writer projects with reference to the following statement.

One major factor that could lead to higher severity of flooding in the future is the danger of climate change.

(i) helplessness

(ii) speculative

(iii) denial

(iv) conviction

(c) Complete the following with a phrase from paragraph 3:

Opinion	Reason
Some scientists estimate that shorter duration of monsoon season leads to more intensive rainfall.	

- (d) The writer claims that flood forecasting is critical to minimising the damage from floods. State one reason for the claim.
- (e) Even when the prediction is accurate, people do not evacuate the places where the warning is given.

(i) True

(ii) False

(f) Supply one point to justify the following:

The worst hit people are slum dwellers.

- (g) Based on your reading of the text, list two reasons why the writer says that in spite of timely forecasting people have suffered.
- (i) What connect does the writer draw between tributaries and floods? (Para 2)
- (j)Which of the following statements is/are false?

The vulnerability of the population has increased substantially because of population pressures symbolised by:

- i. People are superstitious.
- ii. Difficult to evacuate flood-affected areas.

Select the correct option:

(i) Only 1

(ii) Only II

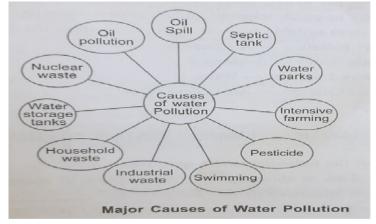
(iii) Both 1 and 11

(iv) None of the above

- **2.** Read the following passage carefully:
 - 1. Unsafe water kills more people each year than do war and all other forms of violence combined. Meanwhile, our drinkable water sources are finite less than 1 per cent of the Earth's freshwater is actually accessible to us. Without action, the challenges will only increase by 2050, when global demand for freshwater is expected to be one-third greater than it is now.
 - **2.** Water is uniquely vulnerable to pollution. Known as a "universal solvent", water is able to dissolve more substances than any other liquid on Earth. Water pollution is the release of substances into subsurface groundwater or into lakes, streams, rivers, estuaries, and oceans to the point where the substances interfere with beneficial use of the water or with the natural functioning of ecosystems. In addition to the release of substances, such as chemicals, trash, or microorganisms, water pollution may also include the release of energy, in the form of radioactivity or heat, into bodies of water. The key causatives of water pollution in India are urbanization, deforestation, industrial effluents and agricultural runoffs with the use of insecticides and pesticides. The other causes are social and religious offerings in water bodies and the use of detergents and fertilizers.

3. Water pollution can have disastrous consequences on the ecosystem. Furthermore, toxic chemicals can travel through the food chain and get into our bodies, causing diseases and

death.



4. There is no single or simple answer to stop the water pollution crisis. However, there are many solutions to prevent water pollution, both in our daily lives and within industries macy are wastewater treatment, reducing plastic water management and ozone in addition to this, we must have water-efficient toilets, stormwater management and ozone wastewater treatment.

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the questions given below: $10 \times 1=15$

(a) Infer one reason for the following, based on information in para 1.

Less than 1 per cent of the Earth's freshwater is actually accessible to us.

(b) Select the appropriate option to fill in the blank:

Water is uniquely vulnerable to____

(i) season (ii) pollution

(iii) water bodies

(iv) extreme weather conditions

(c) Complete the following analogy correctly with a word/phrase from paragraph 2: vulnerable resilient artificial:_

(Clue: just as resilient is the opposite of vulnerable, similarly the opposite of artificial is_)

(d) Select the correct option to complete the following sentence:

Water pollution can have disastrous consequences on

(i) the ecosystem

(ii) weather conditions

(iii) unexpected rainfall

(iv) flash floods

(e) Describe any three major causes of water pollution.

Fill in the blank by selecting the correct option:

One of the solutions of preventing water pollution is_

- (i) building industries near water bodies (ii) water conservation and reducing plastic waste
- (ii) avoiding swimming

(iv) reducing farming

(g)Substitute the word 'causative' with one word similar in meaning in the following sentence:

The key causative of water pollution in India must be addressed.

- (h) According to the writer, water pollution is defined as_ (Para 2)
 - (i) List one way in which religious rituals impact water bodies.
- (i) Select the most suitable title for the passage from the following:
 - (i) Water Pollution A Concern

(ii) Unsafe Water A Menace

(iii) Universal Solvent Water

(iv) Global Concern An Urgent Need

Section-B

Grammar

- 3. Complete ANY TEN of twelve of the following tasks, as directed
 - 1. Fill in the blank by using the correct form of the word in the bracket.

Such posters_____ (impact) youngsters negatively and can be hazardous to their self - esteem.

2. Identify the error in the given sentence, and supply the correction
While much needs to be done to transforming our education system to
meet the needs of all types of students, it is equally important to teach Our children
the art of taking stress in their strides.
Use proper format for your response.
3. Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option,to complete a question asked by the Jal
Board in an awareness campaign.
we afford to waste even a drop of water?
a. should. b.May c.Can d. Would
4. Choose the correct reported speech of a given sentence:
A doctor said to me,"Take rest."
a) A doctor was advised me to take rest.
b) A doctor advised me to take rest.
c) A doctor said me to take rest.
d) A doctor said me to you had taken rest.
5 . Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option.
He is an expert on languages, but he knows (a lot of / little / a few) about
mathematics.
6. Identify the error in the given sentence and supply the correction.
The Japnese school lunch has been known to be one of the best in the world.
Use the format for your response.
7. Select the option that identifies the error and supplies the correction for the following line,
from a news report:
The roof and the backside of the bus was blown away by the blast that occurred on
Thursday, but no one was injured.
a. Was. Were
b.away. Off
c occurred Occur
d but. Yet
8. Complete the given narrative by filling in the blank with the correct option:
The residents promised to the President of the association in his demand for
proper garbage disposal systems.
a) stand by b) stand against c) stood by d) stood for
9. Read the conversation between Meera and her father.
Complete the sentence by reporting the reply correctly.
Meera: What did you buy?
Father: I bought a heater.
Meera asked her father what he had bought. The father replied that he
10. Choose the correct reported speech of a given sentence:
"Don't try this at home," the stuntman told the audience.
a) The stuntman advised the audience do not try that at home.
b) The stuntman advised the audience not to try that at home.
c) The stuntman advised the audience not to tried that at home.
d) The stuntman advises the audience not to try that at home.
11. Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option to complete the sentence.
I met a young smart fan wanted a selfie with me .So ,we sat on top of a boundary
wall.
a. Which b.Who c. Whose d. Whom
12. Identify the error and supply the correction, for the following:
Use the format for your response.
ICICI Bank
ICICI Dalik

Never reply to e-mails asking for our password or PIN. Do safe banking with us.

Writing Skills

4. (A) Suppose you are Ketan/ Keshwika, the Head Librarian of Mount Park Public School, Guwahati. You want to purchase some books at the earliest for the library, as the new session is knocking at the door. Write a letter in about 100-120 words to the Sales Manager of M/S Scholar Books Pvt. Ltd., 291 Daryagani, New Delhi, placing the order for the books.

(B) Suppose you are Saurabh/Saundarya of 751, Greater Kailash, Hyderabad. You are concerned about the increasing number of incidents of eve-teasing, chain snatching, rash driving, and day-light robberies in your city. Write a letter in about 100-120 words to the Editor of a newspaper expressing your concern and highlighting the means to curb these evils. 5. (A) Suppose you are Manay/Manaswita of 176, D-Block, Sector-9, Rohini, New Delhi. You are a student of Class-XII. You happen to see the following advertisement regarding the coaching classes for IIT-JEE. You are interested to join the classes. Write a letter in about 100-120 words to the Director of the institute seeking information about the same.

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(B) Our rivers are polluted to a great extent. Domestic sewage and industries are the main source of pollution. The contaminated water is very harmful for health. Write a letter in about 100-120 words to the Editor of a national daily describing the problem and suggesting solutions to it. You are Romit/Romita of 914, Model Town, New Delhi.

Section-C

Read the extracts and answer the questions for any one of the two, given: (5)

- **6.** A I finished my poem, and it was beautiful! It was about a mother duck and a father swan with three baby ducklings who were bitten to death by the father because they quacked too much. Luckily, Mr. Keesing took the joke the right way. He read the poem to the class, adding his own comments, and to several other classes as well. Since then I've been allowed to talk and haven't been assigned any extra homework. On the contrary, Mr. Keesing's always making jokes these days.
- (i) The answered assignment was pertaining to_
 - (a) a mother and a father

(b) ducklings death by father

(c) a ridiculous joke

(d) a childless family

(d) in the right way

- (ii) The ducklings were killed by the father due to their
 - (a) carelessness (c) fatal illness

(b) talkative nature

(d) guard

(iii) How did Mr. Keesing take the joke?

(a) negatively

(b) rudely

(c) positively

(iv) Write the correct antonym of 'unluckily'.

(a) fortunately

(b) luckily

(c) desperately

(d) quickly

(v) What chan	ge there occurred in Mr. Ke	esing?	
(a) he ga	ave no extra work	(b) Anne was	s allowed to talk
(c) he st	arted joking with her	(d) all of these	
OR			
6. B Read the	given extracts and answer	the questions for AN	Y ONE of the two, given.(5)
handkerchief. Before he cou The voice were what plant gi your work. I h (a) State any one flowers were h (b) State whice context. Who aske (i) Prob (ii) Mayl	Then he heard a voice say ld think, Horace said, "Hay at on, "You can cure it with a ves you the disease. I think heard you from the top of the inference about Danby from the options from (i) to (i) d Horace, "What is it? A collably, it was the mistress of oe, it was another thief.	from the doorway, "Very fever," and found his a special treatment, it is wou'd better see a see house just now." (from the given contents) can be applied to dor hay fever"? the Grange.	you know, if you find out just doctor, if you're serious about A Question of Trust) ext. But Horace found that the
, ,	ould have been the housekee	-	
, ,	Il probability, it was a neigh		_
` '	• •		er? Was she really interested in
	1? Elaborate in about 30-40 ase would correctly substitute	•	
` '	his face in his handkerchie	_	in the extract:
	acts and answer the questic		e two, given: (5)
7.A	acto and anower the question	one of the	(e)
	ohan, roaming the street.		
I pattern so	oft dust with my hushed, ba	re feet.	
The silence	is golden, the freedom is sv	weet.	
(i) What does the	word 'I' here stand for?		
(a) Amanda	` ' -	(c) poet's mother	(d) poet's grandmother
` '	e speaker imagine herself to		
(a) a rich gi	, ,	(c) an orphan	d) a princess
· ·	ng in the street bare feet to_		
(a) split the	` '	` '	sphere (d) a princess
` ,	device does the last line ind		(4)
(a) alliterati	, , -	(c) personification	(d) metaphor
• •	ecifies that Amanda wants	(a) 1a a a 1 a a a	(4) for a 1:5-
(a) slavery 7.B	(b) freedom	(c) bondage	(d) free-life
	be lurking in shadow,		
	ough long grass		
Near the wa			
	np deer pass		
(i) The tiger is lur			
(a) shadow		(c) long grass	(d) both (b) and (c)
(ii) The tiger slide	, , =	.,	
(a) cage	(b) tree	(c) water hole	(d) deer

(iii) He expects something near the water hole, it is	S
(a) a lamb (b) a man (c) an	ny animal (d) a deer
(iv) According to the poet, the tiger should be in the	e
(a) forest (b) tree (c) pla	ain (d) mountain
(v) The word 'plump' in this stanza conveys the mea	aning:
(a) robust (b) hale and hearty (c) he	ealthy (d) slender
8 . Answer Any Four of the following 5 questions in	a about 40 to 50 words [4x3=12]
a) Validate the given statement with reference to	the decision of the pilot of dekota" Certain
decisions seem risky but cannot be avoided "	
·	s about flying -The black aeroplane)
b) Even today any person with the Jack fruit like	
Baker, Explain	(Glimpses of India A Baker from Goa)
c) Why does the poet say that ice will suffice to de	•
d) How does the boy sense his first loss and first	1 ,
e) What is the policy of Apartheid? Why did Mane	•
disaster"?	(Nelson Mandela : long walk to freedom)
9. Answer Any Two of the following three questions	
a) Name three extraordinary things that took place	
was staying? b) Justify that Ausable is an alert, active passionate	(Footprints without feet)
b) oustily that Ausabic is all alert, active passional	(The midnight visitor)
10 . Answer Any one of the following two questions:	,
20. This wer fully one of the following two questions	in about 100 to 120 words.
a) Anne Frank in "From the diary of Anne Frank than people do you agree with the statement belief and Lencho's?	
b) "The natural beauty of both Assam and Coorg wisit both the places. Assam and Coorg have the natural delight of Assam and Coorg as deserved Amanda wants to run away into the arms Suffocating environment at home. Explain how another."	heir own glimpses." Compare and contrast scribe in the "Tea from Assam and Coorg". s of nature to escap explain from the
11. Answer anyone of the following two questions, it a) "Humour is a quality in something that makes us in someone's words or actions, or in a book or frindistinct, dismal and gloomy Humour Described story that serve the very purpose of comic relief Or	us smile or laugh, for example, in a situation, film. "The thief story" is well stocked with the the statements and situations from the
b) "Crime can never be justified. The one who cause sooner"	
Examine "A question of Trust "as a story woven a	around this code.

Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr. Sec. School, Banga

BMPS

Class 10th (Term – I)

Subject: Hindi निर्धारित समय : 3 घंटे

अधिकतम अंक : 80

सामान्य निर्देश :

(1) इस प्रश्नपत्र में चार खंड हैं- खंड 'क', 'ख', 'ग' और 'घ'। प्रश्नपत्र में कुल पृष्ठों की संख्या 9 है।

- (2) खंड 'क' में कुल दो अपठित गद्यांशों पर आधारित बहुविकल्पी एवं वर्णनात्मक (अतिलघु और लघूत्तरात्मक) प्रश्न दिए गए हैं तथा खंड 'ख' में व्यावहारिक व्याकरण पर आधारित चार प्रश्न (अतिलघु और लघूत्तरात्मक) पूछे गए हैं। सभी प्रश्नों में दिए उपप्रश्नों को ध्यान से पढ़ें।
- (3) खंड 'ग' में कुल 5 प्रश्न पूछे गए हैं, जिनमें दो प्रश्न बहुविकल्पी एवं बाकी वर्णनात्मक हैं। खंड 'घ' में रचनात्मक लेखन पर आधारित कुल 5 प्रश्न पूछे गए हैं, प्रश्नों में आंतरिक विकल्प दिए गए हैं। दिए गए निर्देशों का पालन करते हुए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।
- (4) कार्य में स्वच्छता का विशेष ध्यान रखें और सभी प्रश्नों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें।

खंड़ह-हकहह(बहुरिक ल्पीहएवंहवर्णनात्मकहप्रश्न) अपरि तहबोर

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर इस पर आधारित बहुविकल्पी एवं वर्णनात्मक प्रश्नों के उत्तर

1. दीजिए- 1+1+1+2+2=7

आज का युग कंप्यूटर, लैपटॉप, मोबाइल जैसी अत्याधुनिक सुविधाओं से समृद्ध है। इंटरनेट के प्रयोग ने इसे और अधिक प्रभावी बना दिया है। आज इंटरनेट ने एक पूरी आभासी दुनिया हमारे सामने खड़ी कर दी है। एक बड़ी द्निया सिमटकर ग्लोबल विलेज यानी वैश्विक गाँव बन गई है। लेकिन हमें यहाँ यह ध्यान रखना है कि यह आभासी द्निया वास्तविक नहीं है, यह अपने आस-पास की पारिवारिक व सामाजिक रिश्तों से खिलखिलाती द्निया की तरह प्यार और भरोसे से भरी-भरी नहीं है। आज एक छोटे-से स्मार्ट फ़ोन में सबकुछ समा गया है। इससे जीवन को बह्त सारी सह्लियतें मिल गई हैं, किंतु यह भी एक कटु सत्य है कि इसकी आभासी द्निया ने हमसे अपने व परिवार के लिए जो स्नेह तथा विश्वास को पोषित करने वाले पल थे, वे छीन लिए हैं। हम घर में होकर भी कई बार घर में नहीं होते, बल्कि इसकी आभासी द्निया में खोए रहते हैं। आज हम ज़रा-सी देर के लिए भी अपने मोबाइल फ़ोन से अलग नहीं रह सकते। थोड़ी-थोड़ी देर में व्हाट्सएप चैक करने जैसी आदतें सिद्ध करती हैं कि हम पूरी तरह इसके आदी हो च्के हैं। इसकी अति को देखते ह्ए कुछ कंपनियों, फ़ैक्ट्रियों आदि ने कार्य के समय स्मार्ट फ़ोन रखने पर पूरी तरह रोक लगा दी है। इसकी लत के कारण आज अपनों की ज़रूरतों व उनके उल्लास की जगह लंबी फ़्रेंड लिस्ट तथा हमारी पोस्ट पर आने वाले कमेंट्स आज हमारे लिए बेहद ज़रूरी हो गए हैं। आज ज़रूरत है कि हम इसकी लत से छ्टकारा पाएँ और इसका प्रयोग केवल उतना ही करें, जितना हमारे लिए ज़रूरी है। और हाँ, यदि सप्ताह में एक बार डिजिटल उपवास रखकर वह समय ख़्द को और परिवार को दें, तो पारिवारिक जीवन और सिक्ड़ते जा रहे स्नेहिल संबंध स्रभित अवश्य होंगे और ऐसा होना इस आभासी द्निया वाले य्ग में किसी वरदान से कम न होगा।

- (1) इंटरनेट ने कैसी दुनिया हमारे सामने खड़ी कर दी है?
- (i) आभासी दुनिया
- (ii) वास्तविक दुनिया
- (iii) आभासी व वास्तविक दोनों की मिश्रित दुनिया

- (iv) प्यार और भरोसे की दोस्तों से भरी एक प्यारी द्निया
- (2) आभासी द्निया ने हमसे क्या छीन लिए हैं?
- (i) तनाव, अवसाद व घ्टन से भरे पल
- (ii) परिवार में स्नेह तथा विश्वास को पोषित करने वाले पल
- (iii) ख़ाली रहने से परिवार में होने वाली कहा-स्नी के कलह भरे पल
- (iv) ख़ाली समय में खुद से बातें करके अपने मन को सुकून देने वाले पल
- (3) सोशल मीडिया वाले इस य्ग में क्या करने से हमारा पारिवारिक जीवन स्खमय होगा?
- (i) स्मार्ट मोबाइल फ़ोन रखना छोड़ दें
- (ii) खुद को पूरी तरह सोशल मीडिया से दूर कर लें
- (iii) इसका प्रयोग केवल उतना ही करें, जितना हमारे लिए ज़रूरी है
- (iv) घर के सारे सदस्य मोबाइल फ़ोन छोड़कर बस एक-दूसरे से बातें करें

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- (4) आभासी दुनिया वाले युग में किसे वरदान के समान बताया गया है?
- (5) गद्यांश से आपने जो सीख ग्रहण की है, उसे अपने शब्दों में लिखिए।

2. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर इस पर आधारित बहुविकल्पी एवं वर्णनात्मक प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-1+1+1+2+2=7

बढ़ता तनाव या अवसाद आज के जीवन का कड़वा सच है। बच्चे हों या बूढ़े, महिलाएँ हों या युवा, हर व्यक्ति इसकी गिरफ़्त में है। इसके साथ ही तनाव के कारण उत्पन्न हो रहे मानसिक रोगों की भी बाढ़-सी आ रही है। अत्यधिक प्रतिस्पर्धी दौर से गुज़र रहे इस युग में यह स्वाभाविक भी है, लेकिन इसके लिए हमारी बिगड़ी जीवनशैली भी कम जि़म्मेदार नहीं है। खान-पान की बिगड़ी आदतें, अस्त-व्यस्त दिनचर्या, अविवेकी आचरण-व्यवहार, नकारात्मक चिंतन-ये सब मिलकर व्यक्ति के तन-मन पर अपना घातक प्रभाव दिखा रहे हैं। खान-पान की बिगड़ी आदतें मनःस्थिति को प्रभावित करती हैं; इसीलिए 'जैसा खाएँ अन्न, वैसा रहे मन' कहावत चलन में रही है, क्योंकि अन्न के स्थूल हिस्से से हमारा शरीर बनता है, किंतु इसका सूक्ष्म अंश हमारे मन एवं आचार-विचार को भी गढ़ता है। ऐसे में तामसिक एवं राजसिक खानपान तत्काल ही तन-मन की जड़ता एवं चंचलत का कारण बनते हैं त्या दीर्घ अंताल में यही मन को अस्थिर कर अवसाद की ओर लवातहैं। अस्त व्यस्त दिनचर्या वीवन को अशांत असुंस्मत एवं त्मावग्रस्त करने के स्मए काफी है, विसेक्मूल में होत है-वीवन लक्ष्य की अस्पष्टत एवं वीवंत्ता का अभाव, विससे अपनीज़म्मेदाररयों का त्मर्वाह सही छा से निहं हो पात। सही छंग से कर्क्य-पालन न हो पाना एक बड़ी त्रास्ति है, वो मानससक अंसंत्रवं अशांत्स का कारण बनती है।अत ऐसी नौबत नआए, इस्के सत्य व्यरित को अपने खान-पान को सिहं करते हुए अपनी वीवनचर्या को सिहं व सुंस्मतकरना चाहिए।

- (1) गदयांश में बढ़तत्माव व अवसाद के कहा गया है?
- (i) पापों का फल

(ii) एक घात्क महामारी

(iii) एक बबगड़ी वीवनशैली

- (iv) आव के वीवन का कटु सत्य
- (2) अन्न के सूक्ष्म अंश का संबंध किससे है?
- (i) हमारे स्वास्थ्य से
- (ii) अन्न की पौष्टिकता से
- (iii) मन एवं आचार-विचार से
- (iv) मानसिक असंतोष एवं अशांति से

- (3) किनके कारण जीवन अशांत, असंत्लित एवं तनावग्रस्त हो जाता है?
- (i) जीवंतता के अभाव के कारण
- (ii) अस्त-व्यस्त दिनचर्या के कारण
- (iii) जीवन-लक्ष्य की अस्पष्टता के कारण
- (iv) कारोबार में बहुत अपेक्षित लाभ न होने के कारण

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- (4) अत्यधिक प्रतिस्पर्धा वाले इस युग में किस बात को स्वाभाविक बताया गया है? स्पष्ट कीजिए।
- (5) व्यक्ति अपनी ज़िम्मेदारियों का निर्वाह सही ढंग से कब कर पाता है? सोचकर लिखिए।

खंड - ख (अतिलघु/ लघूत्तरात्मक प्रश्न) व्यावहारिक व्याकरण

3. निर्देशानुसार 'रचना के आधार पर वाक्य-भेद' पर आधारित निम्नलिखित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं <u>चार</u> प्रश्नों के उत्तर दहिए -

- (1) सूयोदय होता है और पक्षी चहचहाने लगते हैं। (मिव वारय में बदलिए)
- (2) परिश्रम करो, ताकक अच्छे अंकों से उत्तीर्ण हो सको। (वार य भेद बताइए)
- (3) आपके आवाज़ उठाने पर सब आपके साथ खड़े हो जाएँगे। (संयुक्त वाक्य में बदलिए)
- (4) छोटे भाई ने टाइम टेबल बनाया, ककंत् वह उिका पालन नहीं कर कि। (वार य भेद बताइए)
- (5) किस वाक्य में दो समानाधिकरण उपवाक्य योजक शब्दों और, लेकिन, अतः आदि से जुड़े होते हैं? बताइए।

4. समास पर आधारित निम्नलिखित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-

4x1=4

- (1) 'विचारमग्न' समस्तपद का समास-विग्रह और समास-भेद लिखिए।
- (2) 'आत्मरक्षा' समस्तपद का समास-विग्रह और समास-भेद लिखिए।
- (3) 'लाभालाभ, चराचर, सत्यासत्य' किस समास के समस्तपद हैं?
- (4) नवरस, चौराहा, दुअन्नी आदि किस समास के उदाहरण हैं?
- (5) ऐसा कौन-सा समास है, जिसके दोनों पद प्रधान होते हैं?

5. पदबंध पर आधारित निम्नलिखित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-

4x1=4

- (1) रंगीन काग़ज़ से बनी तितसलयाँ बबल्कुल सजीज लग रही हैं। रेखांककत अंश में पदबंध बताइए।
- (2) गन्ने के रस से बनी खीर उत्तर भारतीय गाँवों में बड़े चाज से खाई जाती है। रेखांककत अंश में पदबंध बताइए।
- (3) ज़रा-ज़रा-सी बात पर आग बबूला होने जाले आप आज इतने शांत कैसे हैं? रेखांककत अंश में पदबंध बताइए।
- (4) 'पढ़ाई में द्धन-रात एक कर देने जाले भाई साहब फेल रयों हो जाते थे, यह समझ से परे है।' जारय में प्रयुरत विशेषण पदबंध छाँटकर सलखखए।
- (5) जारय में प्रयुरत ककस पदसमूह को पदबंध माना जाता है? सोचकर बताइए।

6. मुहावरों पर आधारित निम्नलिखित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं <u>चार</u> प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए- 4x1=4

- (1) 'ख़्शी का ठिकाना न रहना' मुहावरे का उपयुक्त अर्थ लिखिए।
- (2) 'फूटी आँखों न सुहाना' मुहावरे का अपने वाक्य में इस प्रकार प्रयोग कीजिए कि अर्थ स्पष्ट हो जाए।

- (3) खेलकूद, मेले-तमाशे में भाग लेने के लिए बड़े भाई साहब का भीथा। उपयुक्त मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थान भरिए।
- (4) मिलावट करने पर माँ ने दूधवाले कोलिया। उपयुक्त मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थान भरिए।
- (5) खुद कमाने के बाद ही व्यक्ति कोका पता चलता है। उपयुक्त मुहावरे से रिक्त स्थान भरिए।

खंड - ग (बहुविकल्पी, लघूतरीय एवं दीर्घोत्तरीय प्रश्न)

पाठ्यपुस्तक एवं पूरक पाठ्यपुस्तक

7. निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए बहुविकल्पी प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त विकल्पों का चयन कीजिए-

बिरह भुवंगम तन बसै, मंत्र न लागै कोइ। राम बियोगी ना जिवै, जिवै तो बौरा होइ।। निंदक नेड़ा राखिये, आँगणि कुटी बँधाइ। बिन साबण पाँणीं बिना, निरमल करै सुभाइ।। हम घर जाल्यां आपणाँ, लिया मुराड़ा हाथि। अब घर जालौं तास का, जे चलै हमारे साथि।। पोथी पढ़ि-पढ़ि जग मुवा, पंडित भया न कोइ। ऐकै अषिर पीव का, पढ़ै सु पंडित होइ॥

(1) 'बिरह भ्वंगम तन बसै...' साखी के अन्सार विरह से ग्रस्त इनसान की दशा कैसी हो जाती है?

- (i) उसे हर ओर अपने प्रिय की छवि दिखाई देती है।
- (ii) उसका उपचार क्शल वैद्य की देखरेख में हो पाता है।
- (iii) वह भरे घर में स्वयं को अकेला अनुभव करने लगता है।
- (iv) उस पर किसी मंत्र या उपचार का असर नहीं हो पाता है।

(2) 'राम बियोगी न जिवै...' पंक्ति के अनुसार सच्चे राम भक्त की यह विशेषता होती है कि वह-

- (i) हर समय राम का नाम जपता रहता है।
- (ii) कण-कण में अपने प्रभु के दर्शन करता है।
- (iii) वियोग में या तो जी नहीं पाता या पागल हो जाता है।
- (iv) दीन-हीनों की सेवा को राम की सेवा मानने लगता है।

(3) 'ननंदकहनेड़ाहलाखखये...' साखीहमेंहकबीलहकीहसलाहहहै हकक-

- (i) तनंदक यठद मदद माँगे, तो मना कर दें।
- (ii) हम सब एक-दूसरे का तनंदक बन जाएँ।
- (iii) तनंदक के स्जभाज को स्धारने के सलए उसे तनकट रखें।
- (iv) स्जभाज को तनर्मल बनाने के स लए तनंदक को तनकट रखें।

(4) 'हमहघरहजाल्यां...' साखीहमेंहकबीलहकीहअभिलाषाहहै-

- (i) मन से अहंकार को तनकालकर मीठी वाणी बोलें।
- (ii) ज्ञानी बनने के सल ए ईश्वरीय प्रेम के अजर को पढ़ लें।
- (iii) प्रभु मन में बसा है, साधना करके उसके दर्शन कर सकें।
- (iv) भरित की आग से मनों में बने ब्राइयों के घरों को जला दें।

- (5) 'पोथी पढ़ि-पढ़ि...' साखी के अनुसार पुस्तकें पढ़ने से व्यक्ति ज्ञानी इसलिए नहीं बन पाता क्योंकि-
- (i) इनसे हर विषय का ज्ञान नहीं मिलता है।
- (ii) पुस्तकीय ज्ञान मन के विकार दूर नहीं कर पाता।
- (iii) प्स्तकों में पढ़ा ज्ञान वह समय के साथ भूल जाता है।
- (iv) पुस्तकें पढ़कर उसे सभी पाठ समझ में नहीं आ पाते हैं।

8. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए बहुविकल्पी प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त विकल्पों का चयन कीजिए-

वह स्वभाव से बड़े अध्ययनशील थे। हरदम किताब खोले बैठे रहते और शायद दिमाग को आराम देने के लिए कभी कॉपी पर, किताब के हाशियों पर चिड़ियों, कुत्तों, बिल्लियों की तस्वीरें बनाया करते थे। कभी-कभी एक ही नाम या शब्द या वाक्य दस-बीस बार लिख डालते। कभी एक शेर की बार-बार सुंदर अक्षरों में नक़ल करते। कभी ऐसी शब्द-रचना करते, जिसमें न कोई अर्थ होता, न कोई सामंजस्य। मसलन एक बार उनकी कॉपी पर मैंने यह इबारत देखी- स्पेशल, अमीना, भाइयों- भाइयों, दरअसल, भाई-भाई। राधेश्याम, श्रीयुत राधेश्याम, एक घंटे तक- इसके बाद एक आदमी का चेहरा बना हुआ था। मैंने बहुत चेष्टा की कि इस पहेली का कोई अर्थ निकालूँ, लेकिन असफल रहा और उनसे पूछने का साहस न हुआ। वह नौवीं जमात में थे, मैं पाँचवीं में। उनकी रचनाओं को समझना मेरे लिए छोटी मुँह बड़ी बात थी।

- (1) 'वह स्वभाव से बड़े अध्ययनशील थे।' इस वाक्य में 'वह' शब्द किसके लिए आया है?
- (i) छोटे भाई के लिए
- (ii) बड़े भाई साहब के लिए
- (iii) बड़े भाई के किसी मित्र के लिए
- (iv) ऑक्सफ़ोर्ड से पढ़कर आए हेडमास्टर जी के लिए
- (2) बड़े भाई साहब की विशेषताओं से जुड़ा कथन नहीं है-
- (i) वह स्वभाव से बहुत पढ़ाकू थे।
- (ii) वे दिमागी आराम के लिए चित्रकारी करते थे।
- (iii) वे थोड़ी देर के लिए मैदान में टहलने चले जाया करते थे।
- (iv) एक ही नाम, शब्द या शेर को स्ंदर अक्षरों में कई-कई बार लिखा करते थे।
- (3) 'मसलन एक बार उनकी कॉपी पर मैंने यह इबारत देखी...।' रेखांकित शब्द का अर्थ होगा-
- (i) उदाहरणार्थ
- (ii) वास्तव में
- (iii) ज्योंही/ जैसे ही
- (iv) मसला यह है कि
- (4) 'मैंने बहुत चेष्टा की कि इस पहेली का कोई अर्थ निकालूँ, लेकिन <u>असफल</u> रहा।' इस असफलता का मुख्य कारण था-
- (i) पहेली का बहुत स्तरीय होना
- (ii) पहेली के विषय का अल्पज्ञान होना
- (iii) पहेली का नवीं कक्षा के पाठ्यक्रम से जुड़ा होना
- (iv) बेमेल शब्दों के प्रयोग से पहेली/रचना का निरर्थक हो जाना

- (5) उनकी रचनाओं को समझना मेरे लिए छोटा मुँह बड़ी बात थी। रेखांकित मुहावरे का अर्थ है-
- (i) हैसियत/सामर्थ्य से बढ़कर बात करना
- (ii) लक्ष्य पाने के लिए संसाधनों की कमी
- (iii) पहाड़ चढ़ने के समान म्शिकल कार्य होना
- (iv) अपने को सदैव दूसरों से कमतर आँकने की भूल करना

9. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए-

2x3=6

- (i) बड़े भाई साहब खेल कूद तमाशे में चाहते हुए भी क्यों शामिल नहीं होते थे? बड़े भाई साहब पाठ के आधार पर लिखिए
- (ii) बढ़ती हुई आबादी का पर्यावरण पर क्या प्रभाव पड़ा?
- (iii) प्राचीन काल में मनोरंजन और शक्ति प्रदर्शन के लिए किस प्रकार के आयोजन किए जाते थे?
- (iv) कलकता वासियों ने अपने ऊपर लगे कलंक को धोने के लिए क्या किया?

10. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं <u>तीन</u> प्रश्नों के उत्तर <u>25-30 शब्दों में</u> लिखिए-

2x3=6

- (i) विरासत में मिली चीजों की संभाल करने के पीछे क्या उद्देश्य है? तोप कविता के आधार पर बताइए।
- (ii) प्रभु भक्ति का दीपक दिखाई देने पर अंधियारा कैसे मिट जाता है? तर्क सहित बताइए।
- (iii) पावस ऋतु में प्रकृति में कौन-कौन से परिवर्तन आते हैं? कविता के आधार पर स्पष्ट कीजिए।
- (iv) दूसरे पद में मीरा अपने प्रभु की दासी बनकर सबसे पहले बाग क्यों लगाना चाहती है?

11. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर 50-60 शब्दों में लिखिए-

2x3=6

(5)

- ⁽¹⁾ हरिहर काका को जबरन उठकर ले जाने वालों ने उनके साथ कैसा व्यवहार किया?
- (ii) हरिहर काका के मामले में गाँव वालों की कया राय थी और उसके कया कारण थे?
- (iii) हरिहर काका को जबरन उठकर ले जाने वालों ने उनके साथ कैसा व्यवहार किया?

खंड - घ (दीर्घोतरीय प्रश्न)

(रचनात्मक लेखन)

12. निम्निलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर दिए गए संकेत-बिंदुओं के आधार पर लगभग 120 शब्दों में एक अनुच्छेद लिखिए-

(क) सुरक्षा का आवरण : ओज़ोन

• ओज़ोन परत क्या है?

• ओज़ोन नष्ट होने का कारण

- मन्ष्य की प्रगति और ओज़ोन परत
- ओज़ोन बचाएँ जीवन बचाएँ

(ख) डिजिटल युग और हमारा जीवन

- डिजिटल युग और आज का जीवन
- विवेक के साथ डिजिटल का उपयोग करने की सलाह
- डिजिटल का लत में बदलना हानिकारक
- सही रूप में प्रयोग करने का संकल्प

(ग) नर हो न निराश करो मन को

- आत्मविश्वास और सफलता
- क्छ भी असंभव नहीं

- आशा से संघर्ष में विजय
- महापुरुषों की सफलता का आधार
- 13. आपको चेक बुक की आवश्यकता है। नई चेक बुक प्राप्त करने के लिए स्टेट बैंक, अ ब स नगर शाखा के प्रबंधक को लगभग 100 शब्दों में पत्र लिखिए। (5)

अथवा

आप जय मेहता हैं। अ ब स जल निगम के निदेशक को लगभग 100 शब्दों में एक पत्र लिखकर क्षेत्र में लगातार बढ़ रहे जल संकट की समस्या का कोई स्थायी समाधान निकालने का अनुरोध कीजिए।

अाप रोटरी रलब, अ ब स नगर के अध्यक्ष रजत राजपूत हैं। आप नगर में एक तनःशुल्क स्जास्थ्य जाँच १११ विर का आयोजन करना चाहते हैं। इस संदर्भ में सभी नगरवासियों के लिए लगभग 60 शब्दों में एक सूचना तैयार कीजिए।

अथवा

आप छात्र परिषद, अ ब स स्कूल की सचिव मनस्विता मौर्य हैं। आपके विद्यालय में पुस्तक प्रदर्शनी का आयोजन किया जा रहा है, जिसमें हर तरह की पुस्तकों पर 25% तक की छूट दी जाएगी। ये पुस्तकें विभिन्न विषयों से संबंधित होंगी। इस संबंध में लगभग 60 शब्दों में एक सूचना तैयार कीजिए।

15. आपने एक 'पहल' समूह बनाया है। इस समूह का उद्देश्य ग़रीब और ज़रूरतमंदों की मदद करना है। आपके इस अभियान से अधिक से अधिक लोग जुड़ सकें, इसके लिए लगभग 40 शब्दों में एक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए। (3)

अथवा

अपने तीन बैडरूम वाले फ़्लैट को किराए पर उठाने के लिए उसकी विशेषताओं सिहत लगभग 40 शब्दों में एक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए।

16. आप वैष्णवी वैश्य हैं। आपके मुहल्ले के पार्क की दशा बहुत खराब होती जा रही है। बढ़ी घास, टूटे पड़े झूलों की चर्चा करते हुए प्राधिकरण सचिव, क ख ग नगर के ई-मेल पते secretary@abc.com पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में ई-मेल लिखिए। (5)

अथवा

'एक पुण्य कार्य' विषय पर लगभग 100 शब्दों में एक लघुकथा लिखिए।

6. ਅਗੇਤਰ ਅਤੇ ਪਿਛੇਤਰ (ਪੱਛੇ ਗਏ ਅਨਸਾਰ ਹੱਲ ਕਰੋ)

(1x2=2)

(i) ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਇੱਕ ਦੇ ਦੋ-ਦੋ ਅਗੇਤਰ ਬਣਾਓ:-

(A)ਅੰਤਰ

(B) ਹਮ

(C) ਉਪ

())ਹੇਨ ਲਿਖਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਇੱਕ ਦੇ ਦੋ-ਦੋ ਪਿਛੇਤਰ ਬਣਾਓ:-

(A)ਹੀਣ

(B) ਵਟ

(C) ਖੋਰ

7.ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਚਾਰ ਮਹਾਵਰਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਸ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਾਕਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਕਿ ਅਰਥ ਸਪਸਟ ਹੋ ਜਾਣ: (1x4=4)

(i) ਕਿਸਮਤ ਖੱਲਣੀ

(ii) ਗੰਗਾ ਨਹਾਉਣਾ

(iii) ਕੰਨਾਂ ਦਾ ਕੱਚਾ ਹੋਣਾ

(iv) ਖ਼ਾਰ ਖਾਣੀ

(v) ਘੋੜੇ ਵੇਚ ਕੇ ਸੌਣਾ

(vii) ਚਰਨ ਧੋ ਕੇ ਪੀਣਾ

(vi) ਚੜਾਈ ਕਰ ਜਾਣੀ

ਭਾਗ-।।। ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵਸ਼ਾਲੀ ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ :-

8. ਹੇਠ ਲਿੰਖਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਇੱਕ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ 'ਤੇ 200 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਲੇਖ ਲਿਖੋ : (8x1=8)

(i) ਵਿਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਜਾਣਾ ਲਾਲਚ ਜਾਂ ਮਜਬੂਰੀ

ਨਕਤੇ :- ਜਾਣ ਪਛਾਣ ,ਬੇਰਜ਼ਗਾਰੀ, ਗਰੀਬੀ, ਵਧੇਰੇ ਕੰਮ ਤਨਖਾਹ ਘੱਟ, ਵਧੇਰੇ ਧਨ ਕਮਾਉਣ ਦੀ ਇੱਛਾ , ਸਾਰੰਸ਼

(ii) ਸੜਕ ਹਾਦਸਾ

ਨਕਤੇ :- ਜਾਣ ਪਛਾਣ , ਦੋ ਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਟੱਕਰ, ਤੇਜ਼ ਰਫਤਾਰ ,ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੀ ਭੀੜ , ਪਲਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਫੋਨ , ਡਾਕਟਰੀ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ , ਸਾਰੰਸ਼

9. ਨਗਰ ਨਿਗਮ ਦੇ ਮੇਅਰ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਸਕੂਲ ਨੂੰ ਆਉਂਦੀ ਸੜਕ 'ਤੇ ਫੈਲੀ ਗੰਦਗੀ ਅਤੇ ਉਸ ਤੋਂ ਹੋ ਰਹੇ ਨਕਸਾਨ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਜਾਣੂ ਕਰਾਉਣ ਲਈ ਇੱਕ ਬਿਨੈ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ।

ਕਿਸੇ ਅਖਬਾਰ ਦੇ ਸੰਪਾਦਕ ਨੂੰ ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ ਜਿਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਤੇ ਪੈ ਰਹੇ ਸੋਕੇ ਅਤੇ ਕਿਤੇ ਹੜ੍ਹਾਂ ਨਾਲ਼ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਤਬਾਹੀ ਦਾ ਜ਼ਿਕਰ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕਾਰਨਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਬਚਾਅ ਸੰਬੰਧੀ ਚਰਚਾ ਕਰੋ। (6x1=6)

10. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੀ ਤਸਵੀਰ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ਼ ਦੇਖੋ ਅਤੇ 50-60 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਰਨਣ ਕਰੋ:- (4)





Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr. Sec School, Banga

TERM - I 2024-25

CLASS: 10th - Punjabi

ਸਮਾਂ:- ਤਿੰਨ ਘੰਟੇ

ਕੱਲ ਅੰਕ:- 80

ਆਮ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ

ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ-ਪੱਤਰ ਹੱਲ ਕਰਨ ਤੋਂ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ, ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ ਪੜ੍ਹੋ ਅਤੇ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਦਾ ਪਾਲਣ ਕਰੋ:-

- * ਸਾਰੇ ਪਸ਼ਨ ਲਾਜ਼ਮੀ ਹਨ । ਪਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਅੰਦਰੂਨੀ ਚੋਣ ਵੀ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ । ਉਸ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆ ਨਾਲ ਵੇਖ ਕੇ ਹੱਲ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇ ।
- * ਬਹ-ਵਿਕਲਪੀ ਉੱਤਰਾਂ ਵਾਲੇ ਪਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ ਲਿਖਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਕਲਪ ਨੰਬਰ/ਚਿੰਨ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ਼ ਉੱਤਰ ਵੀ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਜਾਵੇ।
- * ਉੱਤਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ਼ ਉੱਤਰ-ਸ਼ੀਟ 'ਤੇ ਲਿਖਿਆ/ਦਰਜ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇ।
- * ਇਸ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ-ਪੱਤਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੁੱਲ 16 ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਹਨ ਤੇ ਇਸ ਦੇ ਚਾਰ ਭਾਗ ਹਨ:

ਭਾਗ-1 ਪੜ੍ਹਨ-ਕੌਸ਼ਲ

ਭਾਗ-॥ ਵਿਆਕਰਨ.

ਭਾਗ-॥। ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵਸ਼ਾਲੀ ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ ਅਤੇ

ਭਾਗ-IV ਪਾਠ-ਪੁਸਤਕਾਂ 'ਤੇ ਆਧਾਰਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ

- * ਭਾਗ-1: ਪੜ੍ਹਨ-ਕੌਸ਼ਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੁੱਲ 2 ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਹਨ । ਦਿੱਤੇ ਗਏ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਉਹਨ ਹੱਲ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇ।
- * ਭਾਗ- ॥: ਵਿਆਕਰਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੁੱਲ 6 ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਹਨ। ਦਿੱਤੇ ਗਏ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਟੂੰ ਹੱਲ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇ।
- * ਭਾਗ-।।।: ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵਸ਼ਾਲੀ ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੱਲ 3 ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਹਨ। ਦਿੱਤੇ ਗਏ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਹੱਲ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇ।
- * ਭਾਗ-।v: ਪਾਠ-ਪਸਤਕਾਂ 'ਤੇ ਆਧਾਰਿਤ ਪਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੱਲ 6 ਪਸ਼ਨ ਹਨ । ਦਿੱਤੇ ਗਏ ਨਿਰਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਹੱਲ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਵੇ।

1 ਪੜਨ-ਕੌਸ਼ਲ :-

1.ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪੈਰੇ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ ਪੜ੍ਹੋ ਅਤੇ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਗਏ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਹੀ ਉੱਤਰ ਦੀ ਚੋਣ ਕਰੋ:-

(1x6=6)

ਜਿਸ ਸਰੀਰ ਨੇ ਕਦੇ ਖੇਚਲ, ਮਿਹਨਤ ਅਤੇ ਕਸ਼ਟ ਦਾ ਮੂੰਹ ਨਹੀਂ ਵੇਖਿਆ, ਉਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਬਰਕਤ ਅਤੇ ਰੌਣਕ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ। ਜਿਸ ਬਿਰਛ ਨੂੰ ਨਾ ਫੁੱਲ ਹੈ, ਨਾ ਫਲ ਹੈ, ਨਾ ਉਸ ਦੀ ਠੰਡੀ ਛਾਉਂ ਹੈ। ਆਮ ਕਰਕੇ ਉਹ ਬਾਲਣ ਬਣਾ ਕੇ ਚੁੱਲ੍ਹੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਫੂਕ ਦਿੱਤਾ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਮਨੁੱਖੀ ਸਰੀਰ ਕਾਰ ਲਈ ਬਣਿਆ ਹੈ। ਕਾਰ ਨਾ ਕਰਨਾ ਸਰੀਰ ਦੇ ਗੁਣਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਅਕਾਰਥ ਗੁਆਉਣਾ ਹੈ। ਕੌਣ ਮੁੱਕਰ ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ ਇਸ ਗੱਲੋਂ ਕਿ ਜਿਹੜਾ ਸਰੀਰ ਮੁਸ਼ੱਕਤ ਵਿੱਚ ਨਹੀਂ ਪੈਂਦਾ- ਕਦੇ ਅਰੋਗ ਨਹੀਂ ਰਹਿ ਸਕਦਾ। ਇੱਕ ਪਾਸੇ ਲੋਕ ਹੱਥੀਂ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਨ ਤੋਂ ਭੱਜਦੇ ਹਨ, ਪਰ ਸਰੀਰ ਨੂੰ ਠੀਕ ਰੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਕਸਰਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਕਸਰਤ, ਜੋ ਕਿ ਵਿਹਲਾ ਕੰਮ ਹੈ ਇੱਕ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਦਾ ਮੀਸਣਾਪਣ ਹੈ, ਜ਼ੋਰ ਤੇ ਸਮਾਂ ਜਿਸ ਨਾਲ ਕੁਝ ਦੌਲਤ ਰਚੀ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ, ਉਸ ਨੂੰ ਦੂਜਿਆਂ ਲਈ ਵਰਤਣ ਦੀ ਥਾਂ ਖ਼ਾਸ ਆਪਣੇ ਬਣਾਵਟੀ ਸੁਆਰਥ ਲਈ ਵਰਤਣ। ਸਰੀਰ, ਜੋ ਕਾਰ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਰਦਾ, ਕੁਦਰਤ ਤੋਂ ਉੱਕਾ ਵਿਰੁੱਧ ਹੈ ਕਿਉਂਕਿ ਕਾਰ ਹੀ ਸਰੀਰ ਦੇ, ਸਾਰੇ ਅੰਗਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਚੰਗੀ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਕੁਦਰਤੀ ਹਿੱਲ-ਜੁੱਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਾ ਕੇ ਅਰੋਗ, ਸੁੰਦਰ ਤੇ ਸਡੋਲ ਰੱਖ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ।

ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ:-

- (ੳ) ਉਹ ਕਿਹੜਾ ਸਰੀਰ ਹੈ ਜਿਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਬਰਕਤ ਤੇ ਰੌਣਕ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ ?
- (ਅ) ਮਿਹਨਤ ਮੁਸ਼ੱਕਤ ਨਾ ਕਰਨ ਵਾਲੇ ਦੇ ਸਰੀਰ 'ਤੇ ਕੀ ਅਸਰ ਪੈਂਦਾ ਹੈ?
- (ੲ) ਲੇਖਕ ਨੇ ਕਸਰਤ ਨੂੰ ਵਿਹਲਾ ਕੰਮ ਕਿਉਂ ਕਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?
- (ਸ) ਕਿਸ ਰੁੱਖ ਨੂੰ ਬਾਲਣ ਬਣਾ ਕੇ ਫੂਕ ਦਿੱਤਾ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ?
- (ਹ) ਮਨੱਖੀ ਸਰੀਰ ਕਿਸ ਲਈ ਬਣਿਆ ਹੈ?
- (ਕ) ਲੋਕ ਸ਼ਰੀਰ ਨੂੰ ਠੀਕ ਰੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਕੀ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ?

2.ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਕਾਵਿ ਟੁਕੜੀ ਨੂੰ ਧਿਆਨ ਨਾਲ਼ ਪੜ੍ਹੋ ਅਤੇ ਪੁੱਛੇ ਗਏ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ ਦਿਓ:-

(1x4=4)

ਜਲਿਆਂਵਾਲੇ ਬਾਗ ਤੇਰੇ ਦੀ,ਅੱਜ ਵੀ ਅਮਰ ਕਹਾਣੀ, ਕਾਮਾਗਾਟਾਮਾਰੂ ਤੇਰੇ,ਅੱਗ ਲਾਈ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਾਣੀ। ਚੰਡੀ ਬਣ ਕੇ ਰਣ ਵਿੱਚ ਜੂੰਝੀ, ਤੇਰੀ ਝਾਂਸੀ ਰਾਣੀ, ਜੈ ਭਾਰਤ ਜੈ ਭਾਰਤ ਮਾਤਾ, ਤੇਰੀ ਅਮਰ ਕਹਾਣੀ।

ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ:-

- (i) ਕਿਸ ਦੀ ਅੱਜ ਵੀ ਅਮਰ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਹੈ ?
- (ii) ਰਣ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਤੋਂ ਕੀ ਭਾਵ ਹੈ ?
- (iii) ਰਣ ਦੇ ਮੈਦਾਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਚੰਡੀ ਬਣ ਕੇ ਕੌਣ ਲੜੀ?
- (iv) ਕਾਵਿ ਟੁਕੜੀ ਦੇ ਅਧਾਰ ਉੱਤੇ ਦੱਸੋ ਪਾਣੀਆਂ 'ਚ ਅੱਗ ਕਿਸਨੇ ਲਗਾਈ?

ਵਿਆਕਰਨ ਭਾਗ (12)

3. ਸਮਾਸੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ: (ਪੁੱਛੇ ਗਏ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਤਿੰਨ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕੋਈ ਦੋ ਹੱਲ ਕਰੋ) (1x2=2) i.ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਸਮਾਸੀ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਹੀ ਸਮਾਸੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ-ਜੋੜ ਚੁਣੋ:-

- (A) ਯਤੀਮ ਦਾ ਘਰ (B) ਯਤੀਮ ਘਰ (C) ਯਤੀਮੀ ਘਰ (D) ਯਤੀਮ- ਘਰ
- (ii) "ਟੱਟ ਅਤੇ ਭੱਜ" ਦਾ ਕਿਹੜਾ ਸਹੀ ਸਮਾਸੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਜੋੜ ਹੈ:-
 - (A) ਟੁੱਟ ਨਾਲ਼ ਭੱਜ (B)ਟੁੱਟ ਭੱਜ (C)ਟੁੱਟ –ਭੱਜ (D)ਭੱਜਿਆ ਟੁੱਟਿਆ
- (iii) "ਘਾਟਾ ਅਤੇ ਵਾਧਾ" ਸ਼ਬਦ ਲਈ ਠੀਕ ਸਮਾਸੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਜੋੜ ਚੁਣੋ:-
 - (A) रास्र भाटा-हाया (B) हय-भॅट (C) हाया-भाटा (D) भाटा-हाया

4. ਬਹੁ ਅਰਥਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ (ਪੁੱਛੇ ਗਏ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਤਿੰਨ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕੋਈ ਦੋ ਹੱਲ ਕਰੋ) (1x2=2)

- (i) ਉੱਤਰ ਦਾ ਇੱਕ ਅਰਥ ਹੈ "ਦਿਸ਼ਾ" ਅਤੇ ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆਂ ਚੋਂ ਦੂਜਾ ਅਰਥ ਦੱਸੋ
- (A) ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ (B) ਜਵਾਬ (C) ਦੱਸਣਾ (ii) ਕਿਹੜਾ ਸ਼ਬਦ "ਹਾਰ" ਸ਼ਬਦ ਦਾ ਬਹ ਅਰਥਕ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੈ:-
 - (A) ਹਰਨਾ (B) ਗਹਿਣਾ= (C) ਫੱਲਾਂ ਦਾ ਹਾਰ (D) ਜਿੱਤਣਾ
- (iii) ਬਹੁ ਅਰਥਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਕਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਕਹਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ:-
 - (A) ਇੱਕ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਅਰਥ ਰੱਖਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ
 - (B) ਨਾਮ ਦੀ ਥਾਂ ਤੇ ਪ੍ਰਯੋਗ ਹੋਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਨੂੰ
 - (C) ਸਮਾਨ ਅਰਥ ਰੱਖਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਨੂੰ
 - (D) ਪੜਨਾਂਵ ਦੀ ਥਾਂ ਤੇ ਪਯੋਗ ਹੋਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਨੂੰ

5. ਕਿਰਿਆ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ (ਪੁੱਛੇ ਗਏ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਤਿੰਨ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕੋਈ ਦੋ ਹੱਲ ਕਰੋ) (1x2=2)

- (i) "ਕਾਲ ਵਾਚਕ " ਕਿਰਿਆ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ ਦੀ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਬਾਰੇ ਕੀ ਦੱਸਦੀ ਹੈ:-
 - (A) ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦੇ ਸਥਾਨ ਬਾਰੇ
- (в)ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ
- (C) ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਰ ਬਾਰੇ
- (D) ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦੀ ਗਿਣਤੀ ਬਾਰੇ

(D) ਬੋਲਣਾ

- (ii) ਸੰਖਿਆਵਾਚਕ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ ਕਿਹੜਾ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ:-
 - (A)ਜੋ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦੀ ਮਹਤੱਤਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਦੱਸੇ
 - (B) ਜੋ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦੀ ਗਿਣਤੀ ਜਾਂ ਸੰਖਿਆ ਬਾਰੇ ਦੱਸੇ
 - (C) ਜੋ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦੇ ਢੰਗ ਜਾਂ ਤਰੀਕੇ ਬਾਰੇ ਦੱਸੇ
 - (D) ਜੋ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਦੇ ਸਥਾਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਦੱਸੇ
- (iii) " ਉਹ ਮੈਦਾਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਖੇਡ ਰਹੇ ਹਨ।" ਇਸ ਵਾਕ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਰਿਆ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ ਚੁਣੋ:-
 - (A)ਉਹ
- (B) ਖੇਡ
- (C) ਮੈਦਾਨ
- (D) ਰਹੇ ਹਨ

(a) filtiflery trains filter and as a second	ո ւ ն եւ եր ₃	(1x
(i) ਪ੍ਰਿੰਸੀਪਲ ਸੁਜਾਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦਾ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਸੰਹ (A) ਸ਼ਹਿਤ ਸਤਾਂ		
(A) ਸ਼ਹਿਰ ਅਤੇ ਗਰਾਂ (C) ਹੰਝੂਆਂ ਦੇ ਹਾਰ	(R) ਮਾੜੀ ਕਰ	a
_		dI .
(ii) ਕੁਲਫੀ ਵਾਲਾ ਕਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਕੁਲਫੀ ਦੇਣ ਦੇ ਅ		
(A) ਸ਼ਾਹ ਜੀ ਨੂੰ (C) ਬੱਚਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ	(B) ਕਹਾਣੀਕਾਰ ਨੂੰ	<u>.</u>
		•
(iii) ਕਹਾਣੀਕਾਰ ਟਕੇ ਦੀ ਮੰਗ ਤੋਂ ਬਚਣ ਲਸ਼ 	ਈ ਕਮਿਤੀ ਸਮ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਥੇ ਬਰਬ	ਗਦ <u>ੇ</u>
ਕਰਦਾ ਰਿਹਾ ?		0 3
(A) ਘਰ ਵਿੱਚ (B) ਕੋਠੇ 'ਤੇ		(D) ਕੰਮ 'ਤੇ
(iv) ਪ੍ਰਿੰਸੀਪਲ ਤੇਜਾ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਸਵੈ ਜੀਵਨੀ ਦ		
(A) ਨਵੀਆਂ ਸੋਚਾਂ (B)ਆਰਸੀ	(C) ਸਹਿਜ ਸੁਭਾਅ	(D) ਮੇਰੀ ਦੁਨੰ
(v) ਬੋਲੀ ਕਿਸ ਦਾ ਚਿੱਤਰ ਹੈ ?	у о	
	(B) ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੀ ਆਤਮਾ ਚ	
(C) ਸਾਡੀ ਸੰਸਕ੍ਰਿਤ ਦਾ	(D) ਸਾਡੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਚ	ਹ
(vi) ਅੰਗ- ਸੰਗ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਕਿਸ ਦੀ ਹੈ ?		
	(B) ਸੁਜਾਨ ਸਿੰਘ	
(C) ਵਰਿਆਮ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੰਧੂ	` / •	
12. ਕਵਿਤਾ ਤੇ ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ :-(ਪੁੱਛੇ ਗਏ	ਏ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਛੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋ	i ਕੋਈ ਪੰਜ ਹੱਲ ਕ
		(1x
(i) "ਸ਼੍ਰੀ ਗੁਰੂ ਨਾਨਕ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ" ਦੇ ਪਿਤਾ "ਮਰਿ	_	
	ਮਟਵਾਰੀ (C) ਵਪਾਰੀ	(D) ਹਕੀਮ
(іі) "ਸ਼੍ਰੀ ਗੁਰੂ ਅਮਰਦਾਸ" ਜੀ ਦਾ ਜਨਮ ਕਿੱ		
(A)ਗੋਇੰਦਵਾਲ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਵਿਖੇ	(B)ਬਾਸਰਕੇ ਵਿਖੇ	
(C) ਕਰਤਾਰਪੁਰ ਵਿਖੇ		
(ііі)"ਸ਼੍ਰੀ ਗੁਰੂ ਅਮਰਦਾਸ ਜੀ" ਨੇ ਕਿਸ ਸਥਾਨ	ਨ 'ਤੇ "ਬਾਉਲੀ ਸਾਹਿਬ" ਦਾ <mark>ਿ</mark>	ਨਰਮਾਣ ਕਰਵਾਇ
(A)ਸ਼੍ਰੀ ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਸਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ	(B)ਸ਼੍ਰੀ ਗੋਇੰਦਵਾਲ ਸਾਰਿ	ਹਬ
**	(D) ਸ਼੍ਰੀ ਕੀਰਤਪੁਰ ਸਾਹਿ	

- (iv) "ਸ਼ੀ ਗਰੂ ਅਮਰਦਾਸ ਜੀ ਦਾ ਜਨਮ ਕਿਸ ਘਰਾਣੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੋਇਆ?
 - (A) ਭੱਲਾ
- (B) ਖੱਤਰੀ
- (C) ਬੇਦੀ
- (D) ਸੋਢੀ

- (v) "ਜਫਰਨਾਮਾ" ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਕਿਸ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਹੈ ?
 - (A)ਬਲਵੰਤ ਗਾਰਗੀ
- (B) ਡਾਕਟਰ ਹਰਚਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ
- (C) ਕਪੂਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਘੰਮਣ
- (D) ਸੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੇਖੋ
- (vi) ਕਿਸ ਨੇ ਔਰੰਗਜ਼ੇਬ ਦੇ ਨਾਂ ਤੇ ਕੁਰਾਨ ਸ਼ਰੀਫ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਸਮਾਂ ਖਾਧੀਆਂ ?
 - (A) ਰਮਜਾਨ ਖਾਂ
- (B) ਅਸਦ ਖਾਂ (C) ਵਜ਼ੀਰ ਖਾਂ
- (D) ਕਾਮ ਬਖਸ਼

13. ਕਹਾਣੀ ਤੇ ਵਾਰਤਕ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ :- (ਕਿਸੇ ਚਾਰ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ ਇੱਕ-ਦੋ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਿਓ)

(1x4=4)

- (i) ਕਾਕੇ ਲਈ ਅਸਮਾਨ ਦੇ ਤਾਰੇ ਕੀ ਸਨ?
- (ii) ਪਿਓ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਭੇਜੇ ਪੈਸੇ ਕਰਤਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਉਡਾ ਦਿੰਦਾ ਸੀ ?
- (iii) ਬੋਲੀ ਕਿਸ ਦੀ ਕੁੰਜੀ ਹੈ ?
- (iv) ਕਾਰਲਾਈਲ ਨੇ ਸਾਰੇ ਸੰਸਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਸ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਤੇ ਮੁੱਖ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਹੈ?
- (v)ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦਾ ਆਚਰਨ ਕਿੱਥੇ ਬਣਦਾ ਹੈ ?

14. ਕਹਾਣੀ, ਵਾਰਤਕ ਤੇ ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ :-

(ਕਿਸੇ ਸੱਤ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ 25 ਤੋਂ 30 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਿਓ):-

(2x7=14)

- (i) ਪ੍ਰਸਿੱਧ ਲੇਖਕ ਔਸਕਰ ਵਾਇਲਡ ਦੇ ਅਰਦਾਸ ਬਾਰੇ ਕੀ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਹਨ ?
- (ii) ਮਹਾਰਾਜਾ ਰਣਜੀਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਨੇ ਕੈਦੀ ਦੀ ਸਜ਼ਾ ਮਾਫ ਕਿਉਂ ਕਰ ਦਿੱਤੀ ?
- (iii) ਘਰ ਦਾ ਪਿਆਰ ਲੇਖ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਘਰ ਤੋਂ ਕੀ ਭਾਵ ਹੈ ?
- (iv) "ਲੇਖਕ ਆਪਣੇ ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਕਾਇਰ ਅਤੇ ਕਾਕੇ ਨੂੰ ਬਹਾਦਰ ਕਿਉਂ ਕਹਿੰਦਾ ਹੈ ?
- (v) ਕਿਸੇ ਤੋਂ ਕੁਝ ਮੰਗਣ ਬਾਰੇ ਲੇਖਕ ਦੇ ਕੀ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਹਨ ?
- (vi) "ਅੰਗ- ਸੰਗ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿਓ
- (vii) ਜ਼ਫ਼ਰਨਾਮਾ ਤੋਂ ਕੀ ਭਾਵ ਹੈ ?
- (viii) ਜਫਰਨਾਮੇ ਦਾ ਔਰੰਗਜ਼ੇਬ ਤੇ ਕੀ ਅਸਰ ਹੋਇਆ ?

15. ਕਵਿਤਾ ਤੇ ਵਾਰਤਕ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ (ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ 50 ਤੋਂ 60 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਿਓ):

(4x2=8)

(i) "ਸ਼੍ਰੀ ਗੁਰੂ ਅਰਜਨ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ ਨੇ ਪਰਮਾਤਮਾ ਨਾਲ ਕਿਹੜੇ-ਕਿਹੜੇ ਰਿਸ਼ਤੇ ਸਥਾਪਿਤ ਕਰਕੇ ਸਤਿਕਾਰ ਪ੍ਰਗਟ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ?

ਜਾਂ

ਕਿਰਪਾ ਕਰਿ ਕੈ ਬਖਸਿ ਲੈਹੂ' ਸ਼ਬਦ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਰਮਾਤਮਾ ਅੱਗੇ ਸਾਡੀ ਕੀ ਅਰਦਾਸ ਹੈ?

(ii) ਸਿੱਖ ਦੀ ਅਰਦਾਸ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਨਿਰਾਲੀ ਹੈ ?

ਜਾਂ

"ਘਰ ਦਾ ਪਿਆਰ" ਲੇਖ ਵਿੱਚ ਲੇਖਕ ਨੇ ਸ੍ਰੀ ਗੁਰੂ ਨਾਨਕ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਮਾਤਾ ਨਾਲ ਮਿਲਾਪ ਦਾ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ ਕਿਹੋ ਜਿਹਾ ਚਿਤਰਿਆ ਹੈ?

16. ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ:- (ਕਿਸੇ ਇੱਕ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਦਾ ਉੱਤਰ 50 ਤੋਂ 60 ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਿਓ) :- (4x1=4)

- (i) ਔਰੰਗਜ਼ੇਬ ਦਾ ਪਾਤਰ ਚਿਤਰਨ ਕਰੋ
- (іі) ਗੁਰੂ ਜੀ ਨਾਲ ਸੁਲਹਾ ਸਬੰਧੀ ਅਸਦ ਖਾਂ ਔਰੰਗਜ਼ੇਬ ਨੂੰ ਕੀ ਸਲਾਹ ਦਿੰਦਾ ਹੈ?



BHAGWAN MAHAVEER PUBLIC SR SEC SCHOOL BANGA

Happowal Road Banga

TERM 1 SESSION 24-25

Time Allowed: 3 hours Class 10 - Mathematics (Basic)

General Instructions: Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.
- 2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
- 3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
- 4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
- 5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
- 6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with subparts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- 7. All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E
- 8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take π =22/7 wherever required if not stated

Section A

1. $(1 + \sqrt{2}) + (1 - \sqrt{2})$ is

a) a rational number

b) a non-terminating decimal

c) terminating decimal d) an irrational number

2. The prime factors of 196 are [1]

a) 2×7 b) 2×7^2

c) $2^2 \times 7$ d) $2^2 \times 7^2$

3. Which of the following is not a polynomial? [1]

a) $\sqrt{3}x^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x + 5$ b) $x + \frac{3}{x}$

c) $9x^2 - 4x + \sqrt{2}$ d) $\frac{3}{2}x^3 + 6x^2 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}x - 8$

4. The zeroes of the polynomial $p(x) = 2x^2 - x - 3$ are [1]

The zeroes of the polynomial $p(x) = 2x^2 - x - 3$ are

a) $-\frac{3}{2}$, 1 b) $\frac{3}{2}$, -1 c) $-\frac{3}{2}$, -1 d) $\frac{3}{2}$, 1

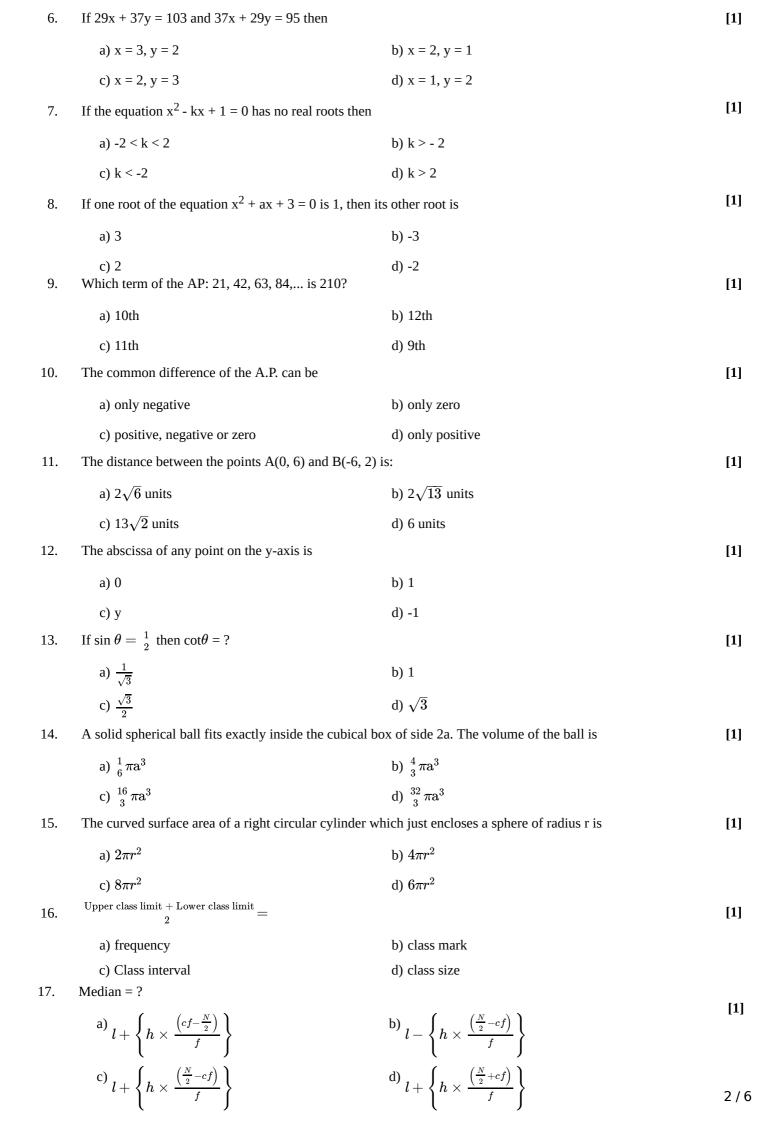
5. If a pair of linear equations in two variables is consistent, then the lines represented by two equations are

5. If a pair of finear equations in two variables is consistent, then the fines represented by two equations are

a) parallel b) always coincident

c) always intersecting d) intersecting or coincident

[1]



- 18. A number is selected from numbers 1 to 25. The probability that it is prime is
 - a) $\frac{1}{3}$

c) $\frac{2}{3}$

- d) $\frac{9}{25}$
- 19. **Assertion (A):** If the pair of lines are coincident, then we say that pair of lines is consistent and it has a unique solution.

Reason (R): If the pair of lines are parallel, then the pair has no solution and is called inconsistent pair of

[1]

[1]

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

c) A is true but R is false.

- d) A is false but R is true.
- 20. **Assertion (A):** Common difference of the A.P. 5, 1, -3, -7 ... is 4.

[1]

Reason (R): Common difference of the A.P. a_1 , a_2 , a_3 ... an is obtained by $d = a_n - a_{n-1}$.

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

c) A is true but R is false.

d) A is false but R is true.

Section B

(2x5=10)

Match the following table: 21.

(a)

Match the following table:				
Graph of polynomial	Type of Polynomial			



(ii) Quadratic polynomial

(i) Linear polynomial



(iii) Cubic polynomial



(iv) Constant polynomial

22.	Match the following:	[2]	ı
22.	white inc ronowing.	[-]	4

Column 1	Column 2
(a) Trigonometric identity is applicable only on	(i) Pythagoras Theorem
(b) If two sides are given in right triangle than the third side can be calculated with the help of	(ii) Right triangle
(c) If one side and one angle is given in the right triangle than the third side can be calculated by	(iii) Equal
(d)If the angles are equal in a right triangle than its two sides are	(iv) Trigonometric functions

23. Solve the pair of equations:
$$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} = 4$$
, $\frac{5x}{6} - \frac{y}{8} = 4$

[2]

On comparing the ratios $\frac{a_1}{a_2}$, $\frac{b_1}{b_2}$ and $\frac{c_1}{c_2}$, find out whether the lines representing the pair of linear equations intersect at a point, are parallel or coincide: 6x - 3y + 10 = 0; 2x - y + 9 = 0.

Find the value of k for which the roots are real and equal of equation: 24.

[2]

$$kx^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$$

OR

Solve: $5x^2 + 13x + 8 = 0$

25. The points A (2, 0), B (9, 1), C (11, 6) and D (4, 4) are the vertices of a quadrilateral ABCD. Determine whether [2] ABCD is a rhombus or not.

> (3x6=18)**Section C**

- 26. A lot consist of 144 ball pens of which 20 are defective and others are good. Nuri will buy a pen if it is good, but [3] will not buy if it is defective. The shopkeeper draws one pen at random and gives it to her. What is the probability that:
 - i. she will buy it?
 - ii. she will not buy it?
- 27. Explain why $7 \times 11 \times 13 + 13$ and $7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 + 5$ are composite numbers. [3]
- Find a quadratic polynomial, the sum and product of whose zeroes are $\frac{1}{4}$ and -1, respectively. 28. [3]
- Evaluate: $2\sin^2 30^\circ 3\cos^2 45^\circ + \tan^2 60^\circ$ 29.

[3]

If $\sin{(A-B)}=\frac{1}{2},\cos{(A+B)}=\frac{1}{2},0^o < A+B \leqslant 90^o, A>B$, find the values of A and B.

30. A sphere and a cube have equal surface areas. What is the ratio of the volume of the sphere to that of the cube? [3]

A solid is consisting of a right circular cone of height 120 cm and radius 60 cm standing on a hemisphere of radius 60 cm. It is placed upright in a right circular cylinder full of water such that it touches the bottom. Find the volume of water left in the cylinder, if the radius of the cylinder is 60 cm and its height is 180 cm.

31. If the mean of the following frequency distribution is 24, find the value of p. [3]

Class	0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40 - 50
Frequency	3	4	p	3	2

Section D

(4x3=12)

[4]

Question No. 32 to 34 are based on the given text. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

The students of a school decided to beautify the school on an annual day by fixing colourful flags on the straight passage of the school. They have 27 flags to be fixed at intervals of every 2 metre. The flags are stored at the position of the middlemost flag. Ruchi was given the responsibility of placing the flags. Ruchi kept her books where the flags were stored. She could carry only one flag at a time.



- 32. How much distance did she cover in pacing 6 flags on either side of center point?
- 33. Represent above information in Arithmetic progression
- 34. How much distance did she cover in completing this job and returning to collect her books?

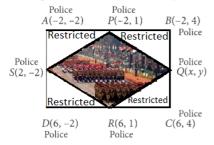
Or

What is the maximum distance she travelled carrying a flag?

Question No. 35 to 37 are based on the given text. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

[4]

In order to facilitate smooth passage of the parade, movement of traffic on certain roads leading to the route of the Parade and Tableaux ah rays restricted. To avoid traffic on the road Delhi Police decided to construct a rectangular route plan, as shown in the figure.



- 35. If Q is the mid point of BC, then what are the coordinates of Q?
- 36. What is the length of the sides of quadrilateral PQRS?
- 37. What is the length of route PQRS?

Or

What is the length of route ABCD?

Question No. 38 to 40 are based on the given text. Read the text carefully and answer the questions: Computer-based learning (CBL) refers to any teaching methodology that makes use of computers for information transmission. At an elementary school level, computer applications can be used to display multimedia lesson plans. A survey was done on 1000 elementary and secondary schools of Assam and they were classified by the number of computers they had.



Number of Computers	1 - 10	11 - 20	21 - 50	51 - 100	101 and more
Number of Schools	250	200	290	180	80

One school is chosen at random. Then:

- 38. Find the probability that the school chosen at random has more than 100 computers.
- 39. Find the probability that the school chosen at random has 50 or fewer computers.
- 40. Find the probability that the school chosen at random has no more than 20 computers.

Or

Find the probability that the school chosen at random has 10 or less than 10 computers.

[4]

Section E 5x4=20

41. If we add 1 to the numerator and subtract 1 from the denominator, a fraction reduces to 1. It becomes $\frac{1}{2}$ if we only add 1 to the denominator. What is the fraction?

OR

Solve system of equations:

$$egin{array}{l} x+2y=rac{3}{2}\ 2x+y=rac{3}{2} \end{array}$$

- 42. In what ratio is the line segment joining A(2, -3) and B(5, 6) divided by the x-axis? Also, find the coordinates of the point of division.
- 43. A student was asked to make a model shaped like a cylinder with two cones attached to its ends by using a thin aluminium sheet. The diameter of the model is 3 cm and its total length is 12 cm. If each cone has a height of 2 cm, find the volume of air contained in the model.

OR

A solid wooden toy is in the shape of a right circular cone mounted on a hemisphere. If the radius of the hemisphere is 4.2 cm and the total height of the toy is 10.2 cm, find the volume of the wooden toy.

44. Calculate the median from the following frequency distribution:

Class	5 - 10	10 - 15	15 - 20	20 - 25	25 - 30	30 - 35	35 - 40	40 - 45
Frequency	5	6	15	10	5	4	2	2

[5]



BHAGWAN MAHAVEER PUBLIC SR SEC SCHOOL BANGA

Happowal Road Banga TERM-1 SCIENCE (P)

Class 10 - Science

Time Allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

All questions are compulsory. However an internal choice is provided in some questions.

Section A consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.

Section B consists of 6 very short answer questions carrying 2 marks each.

Section C consists of 7 short answer type questions of 3 marks each

Section E consists of 3 long answer questions of 5 marks each

Section D consists of 3 case based questions of 4 marks each

	Section D consists of 3 case based questions of 4 marks	s each.	
	Sec	ction A	
1.	When Sodium bicarbonate reacts with dilute hydroch	lloric acid, the gas evolved is:	[1]
	a) Hydrogen; it turns lime water milky.	b) Hydrogen; it gives pop sound with burning match stick.	
2.	c) Carbon dioxide; it blows off a burning match stick with a pop sound. $BaCl_2 + Na_2SO_4 \rightarrow BaSO_4 + 2NaCl. \ It is type of:$	d) Carbon dioxide; it turns lime water milky.	[1]
	a) Both Precipitation reaction and Double displacement reaction	b) Double displacement reaction	
3.	c) Decomposition reaction Which of the following conducts electricity? Rainwater, distilled water, potable water.	d) Precipitation reaction	[1]
	a) rain water, distilled water	b) rain water, potable water	
	c) distilled water, potable water	d) Rain water, distilled water, potable water	
 4. 5. 	The filtration units of kidneys are called a) Ureter b) Urethra Which of the following equations is the summary of p	e) Neurons d) nephrons	[1] [1]
J.	a) 6CO_2 + $12\text{H}_2\text{O}$ + Chlorophyll + Sunlight \rightarrow $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$ + 6O_2 + $6\text{H}_2\text{O}$		[-]
6.	Name the blood vessel which carries deoxygenated b		[1]
	a) Capillaries	b) Pulmonary vein	
	c) Pulmonary artery	d) Aorta	

7.	The given figure shows th	e pathway of a nerve im	pulse in a reflex action. V	Which part serves as a link between	[1]
	neurons?				
	X				
	W	2			
	a) Z	b) W	c) X	d) Y	
8.	Posture and balance of the b	oody is controlled by.			[1]
	a) Pons	b) Medulla	c) Cerebrum	d) Cerebellum	
9.	The movement of shoot tow	ards light is			[1]
	a) phototropism		b) hydrotropism		
10.	c) chemotropism The junction between the ax	xon of one neuron and d	d) geotropism endrite of the next is calle	ed	[1]
	a) A synapse		b) A joint		
	c) Junction point		d) Constant bridge		
11.	The image formed by a conbe the position of the object		to be virtual, erect and la	rger than the object. Where should	[1]
	a) Between the principal of curvature	focus and the centre	b) Beyond the centre	of curvature	
	c) At the centre of curva	iture	d) Between the pole of	of the mirror and its	
12.	The formula which gives spherical mirror is:	the relationship between	principal focus. the object distance, imag	ge distance and focal length of the	[1]
	a) $\frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{f}$		b) $\frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f}$		
	c) $\frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f}$		d) $\frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{f}$		
13.	Which of the following pl	henomena contributes si	J	appearance of the sun at sunrise or	[1]
	sunset?				
	a) Scattering of light		b) Total internal re	9	
14.	c) Dispersion of lightWhen a narrow beam of v	white light passes throug	 d) Reflection of light h a glass prism it splits in 	nt from the earth nto its component colours? This	[1]
	phenomenon is called:				
	a) Total reflection of li	ight	b) Diffusion of ligh	t	
	c) Scattering of light		d) Dispersion of lig	ht	
15.	What is the observed cold	our of sky as seen from t	he moon surface?		[1]
	a) Black	b) Blue	c) Red	d) None of these.	
16.	The heat produced in a w	rire of resistance ${f x}$ when	a current \mathbf{y} flows through	n it in time ${f z}$ is given by:	[1]
	a) $y \times z \times x$	b) $x^2 \times y \times z$	c) $x \times z \times y^2$	d) $y \times z^2 \times x$	

17.	Assertion (A): When common salt is kept open, it absorbs moisture from the air.Reason (R): Common salt contains magnesium chloride.		
	a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.	b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.	
	c) A is true but R is false.	d) A is false but R is true.	
18.	Assertion (A): Alveoli contain an extensive network	rk of blood vessels.	[1]
	Reason (R): Alveoli is the site where the exchange	of gases occurs.	
	a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.	b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.	
19.	c) A is true but R is false. Assertion (A): Light bends from its path when it goes Reason (R): Speed of light changes, when it goes from		[1]
	a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.	b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.	
20.	c) A is true but R is false. Assertion (A): Two resistance having value R each. Reason (R): Given Resistance is connected in parallel.	4	[1]
	a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.	b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.	
	c) A is true but R is false.	d) A is false but R is true.	
	Se	ction B	
21.	When potassium iodide solution is added to a solutio	n of lead (II) nitrate in a test tube, a precipitate is formed.	[2]
	a. What is the colour of this precipitate? Name the cb. Write the balanced chemical equation for this reacc. List two types of reactions in which this reaction	ction.	
22.	An element A reacts with water to form a compound	B which is used in white-washing. The compound B on	[2]
	heating forms an oxide C which on treatment with wainvolved.	ater give back B. Identify A, B and C and give the reaction	
23.	Differentiate between a strong acid and weak acid.		[2]
24.	What are the two phases of photosynthesis reactions?		[2]
25.	Draw ray diagram showing the image formation by a	concave mirror when an object placed between pole and	[2]
	focus of the mirror.		
26.		stance of 50Ω . what is the potential difference between two	[2]
	ends of the wire ? OR		
	How does potential difference (V) across a resistor de obtained?	epend on current passing through it? What is nature of I-V gr	raph
25		ection C	F.C. 7
27.		hina dish is placed in sunlight for some time. What will be	[3]
	your observation in this case? Write the chemical real Identify the type of chemical reaction.	ction involved in the form of a balanced chemical equation.	
	raciitii y tiit typt oi tiitiiitai itatlilli.		

- 28. Explain the following giving equation in each:

 i Baking soda is heated ii. Washing soda is heated. iii Gypsum is heated at 373 K
 - i. Baking soda is heated. ii. Washing soda is heated. iii. Gypsum is heated at 373 K.
- 29. Leaves of healthy potted plant were coated with vaseline. Will this plant remain healthy for long? Give reasons [3] for your answer.
- 30. Differentiate between exocrine gland and endocrine gland. [3]
- 31. A student sitting at the back of the classroom cannot read clearly the letters written on the backboard. What advice will a doctor give to her?
- 32. a. How much current will an electric bulb draw from a 220 V source, if the resistance of the bulb filament is [3] 1200 Ω ?
 - b. How much current will an electric heater coil draw from a 220 V source, if the resistance of the heater coil is $100~\Omega$?
- i. When a 12 V battery is connected across an unknown resistor, there is a current of 2.5 mA in the circuit. Find [3] the value of the resistance of the resistor?
 - ii. 320J of heat is produced in 10 s in a 2Ω resistor. Find the amount of current flowing through the resistor. OR
 - a. Two electric lamps rated 100 W,220 V and 60 W,220 V are connected in parallel to electric mains supply. Calculate the current drawn from the mains if the supply voltage is 220 V?
 - b. A lamp consumes 50 W and is lighted 2 h daily in month of April. How many units of electric energy is consumed?

Section D

Question No. 34 to 37 are based on the given text. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

When oxygen combines with other elements or compounds, the process is called oxidation the substances that combine with oxygen are said to have been oxidized.

The reduction is exactly the opposite of oxidation. If a substance loses oxygen during a reaction, it is said to be reduced. When hydrogen burns the hydrogen combines with oxygen to form water $2H_2 + O_2 = H_2O$

The hydrogen is oxidized in this reaction, but at the same time, the oxygen is reduced. Whatever oxidation occurs reduction must also occur.

- 34. What is oxidation?
- 35. In the given reaction, which reactant species is oxidized?
- 36. In the given reaction, which reactant species is reduced?
- 37. If four molecules of Hydrogen are combined with oxygen then how many molecules of water are formed?

Question No. 38 to 41 are based on the given text. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

Animals have a nervous system for controlling and coordinating the activities of the body. But plants have neither a nervous system nor muscles. So, how do they respond to stimuli? When we touch the leaves of a chui-mui (the 'sensitive' or 'touch-me-not' plant of the Mimosa family), they begin to fold up and droop. When a seed germinates, the root goes down, the stem comes up into the air. What happens? Firstly, the leaves of the sensitive plant move very quickly in response to touch.

There is no growth involved in this movement. On the other hand, the directional movement of a seedling is caused by growth. If it is prevented from growing, it will not show any movement.





[3]

[4]

[4]

- 38. Write the types of movement.
- 39. Give an example of a plant hormone that promotes growth.
- 40. What is the function of the nervous system?

OR

What is the function of the nervous system?

OR

41. How is the movement of leaves of the sensitive plant different from the movement of a shoot towards light?

Question No. 42 to 45 are based on the given text. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

[4]

Atmospheric refraction is the phenomenon of bending of light on passing through earth's atmosphere. As we move above the surface of earth, density of air goes on decreasing. Local conditions like temperature etc. also affect the optical density of earth's atmosphere. On account of atmospheric refraction, stars seen appear higher than they actual are; advanced sunrise; delayed sunset, oval appearance of the sun at sunrise and sunset; stars twinkle, planets do not.

- 42. How does atmospheric refraction affect the apparent length of the day?
- 43. Why does Sun appear slightly oval shaped at morning and evening?
- 44. Why do the stars twinkle but planets don't?
- 45. What color does the sky appear in the absence of an atmosphere?

Section E

46. What is water of crystallisation? Write the common name and chemical formula of a commercially important compound which has ten water molecules as water of crystallisation. How is this compound obtained? Write the chemical equation also. List any two uses of this compound.

OR

How is plaster of Paris prepared? Why is temperature control necessary during its preparation? How does it react with water?

47. Draw the sectional view of the human heart and label the following parts given below:

[5]

- i. Chamber where oxygenated blood from lungs is collected.
- ii. The largest blood vessel in our body.
- iii. The Muscular wall separating the right and left chambers.
- iv. The blood vessel that carries blood from the heart to the lungs.

OR

- i. Define excretion.
- ii. Name the basic filtration unit present in the kidney.
- iii. Draw excretory system in human beings and label the following organs of excretory system which perform the following functions:
 - a. forms urine
 - b. is a long tube which collects urine from the kidney.
 - c. Store urine until it is passed out.
- 48. Define magnification of a spherical mirror. What will be the magnification in case of plane mirror?

[5]

OR

- i. What is meant by power of a lens? Define its SI unit.
- ii. You have two lenses A and B of focal lengths +10 cm and 10 cm, respectively. State the nature and power of each lens. Which of the two lenses will from a virtual and magnified image of an object placed 8 cm from the lens? Draw a ray diagram to justify your answer.



Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr. Sec. School, Banga Class 10th (Term - I)

Subject: Social Science

M.M. 80

(20 Marks)

1.	Power can be shared among which kind of social grou	ıps?
	a) Religious	b) Political groups
	c) Both religious linguistic groups	d) Linguistic
2.	From the 20 houses, in Gendathur village net amount	of rainwater harvested annually amounts to
	a) 6,00,000 litres	b) 4,00,000 litres

d) 1,00,000 litres

Section A

3. Read the following data and select the appropriate option from the following:

EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT OF RURAL POPULATION OF UTTAR PRADESH			
Category	Male (%)	Female (%)	
Literacy rate for rural population	76	54	
Literacy rate for rural children in age group 10-14 years	90	87	
Percentage of rural children aged 10-14 attending school	85	82	

What percentage of males are more educated than the females?

a) 22

c) 2,00,000 litres

b) 85

c) 76

d) 15

4. Look at the picture given below and select the correct option from the following:



Which of the following aspects best signifies this image of Germania?

a) As a protector of Germany

- b) As a protector of her child
- c) As a guardian of women's rights
- d) As a protector of German Rhine
- 5. Besides Hindi, how many other languages are recognised as Scheduled Languages by the Indian Constitution.
 - a) 26

b) 29

c) 22

d) 21

2

0.	what is national development?	
	a) Social development	b) Cultural development
	c) Political development	d) Development in all the sections
7.	Which of the following states has the largest area	under permanent forests?
	a) Madhya Pradesh	b) West Bengal
	c) Manipur	d) Assam
8.	Choose the incorrect option from the following:	
	(A) Courier - Tertiary Sector	
	(B) Fisherman - Primary Sector	
	(C) Carpenter - Primary Sector	
	(D) Banker - Tertiary Sector	
	a) All of these	b) Both B and D
	c) Only C	d) Only B
9.	Which one of the following is the minority group in	Sri Lanka?
	a) Muslims	b) Sinhalese
	c) Tamils	d) Christians
10.	Who said, "When France sneezes, the rest of Europ	e catches cold"?
	a) Metternich	b) Giuseppe
	c) Lord Byron	d) T S Eliot
11.	Assertion (A): Rooftop rainwater harvesting is the	most common practice in Shillong.
	Reason (R): Shillong is situated near Cherapunjee	and Mawsynram.
	a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct	b) Both A and R are true but R is not the
	explanation of A.	correct explanation of A.
	c) A is true but R is false.	d) A is false but R is true.
12.	Assertion (A): There was a feeling of alienation an	nong Sri Lankan Tamils.
	-	em equal political rights and discriminated against them in
	getting jobs and other opportunities.	
	a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct	b) Both A and R are true but R is not the
	explanation of A.	correct explanation of A.
	c) A is true but R is false.	d) A is false but R is true.
13.	Arrange the following statements in sequential order	:
	i. i. Simon Commission arrived in India	
	ii. ii. Mahatma Gandhi decided to withdraw the No	
	iii. iii. Mahatma Gandhi sent a letter to Viceroy Irwi	
	iv. iv. Under the presidency of Jawaharlal Nehru, the or full independence for India.	e Lahore Congress formalised the demand of 'Purna Swaraj'
	a) iv, iii, ii, i	b) ii, i, iii, iv
	c) iii, iv, i, ii	d) ii, i, iv, iii

3

14.	In a rural village in India, Radha, a farmer, cultivated cotton on her farmland, relying on natural factors like rainfall and sunshine. She sold the harvested cotton to Ramesh, a skilled weaver, who transformed the cotton				
			otton		
	•	the agricultural sector activity of cotton cultivation to the	·1		
	•	cturing showcases the interconnectedness of these sectors	in the		
Indian economy. Which sector involves the transformation of natural products into other forms through					
	manufacturing processes?				
	a) Primary sector	b) Quaternary sector			
	c) Secondary sector	d) Tertiary sector			
15.	State true or false:				
	Fallow land is the land put to agricultural use	and for grazing.			
16.	Forced recruitment means a process by which	1			
	a) the people forced the state to join the	b) Indians were forced by the British rulers to			
	struggle.	finance the British army.			
	c) the colonial state forced people in rural	d) the Indian princes had to supply soldiers to			
	areas to join the army.	fight for the British.			
17.	A few gram panchayats grouped together are te	ermed in various ways. Identify the incorrect one.			
	a) Gram b) Block	c) Panchayat Samiti d) Mandal			
18.	State true or false:				
	The availability of water resources varies over	space and time.			
19.	Fill in the blank:				
	SECTOR	CRITERIA USED			
	Organized & Unorganized	Nature of employment activities			
	Public & Private	?			
	a) Nature of Production activities	b) Nature of economic activities			
	c) Nature of Ownership	d) Nature of Social activities			
20.	A new British nation was forged through the p	propagation of a dominantculture.			
	a) Latin	b) French			
	c) English	d) Vietnamese	(00 15 1)		
		Section B	(08 Marks)		
21	Study the men theroughly and mention which less	nguaga could have been made the official language of the			

21. Study the map thoroughly and mention which language could have been made the official language of the country.

Ethnic Communities of Sri Lanka

22. Why did Gandhiji decide to withdraw non - Co-operation Movement.

OR

How was the spirit of nationalism of the nineteenth century different from that of the first half of the century?

- 23. Describe the uses of oilseeds. Which state is the largest producer of groundnut?
- 24. Highlight a few differences between intermediate goods and final goods.

(20 Marks)

Section C

(15 Marks)

- 25. List any three features of the Civil Code of 1804 usually known as the Napoleonic Code.
- 26. How is sharing of power between the Union and the State Governments basic to the structure of the Constitution of India? Explain.

OR

State any two achievements and any two problems of the Panchayati Raj system.

27. If we look at the country as a whole, we find that 93% of the workers in India are in the unorganized sector.

Organized sector employment is available to only about 7% of the workers in India.

Sector	Organised	Unorganized	Total
Primary	1		232
Secondary	41	74	115
Tertiary	40	88	172
Total	82		
Total in			100%
Percentage			

Workers in the unorganized sector work hard, but earn very little. Give reasons. What problems do they face there? Think why they are forced to work in this sector.

- 28. Give a brief description about the **Project Tiger**.
- 29. Study the table and answer the questions below:

State	Per Capita income for 2002-03(in Rs)
Punjab	26,000
Kerala	22,800
Bihar	5,700

- i. Which state has the highest per capita income in a year?
- ii. Which state has the lowest per capita income in a year?
- iii. Which state is better one and why?

30.

Section D (20 Marks)

Explain any five proper farming techniques which can be used for soil conservation.

OR

"Consequences of environmental degradation do not respect national or state boundaries". Support the statement with examples.

Explain the term conservatism. Explain with special reference to Europe.

P.T.O.

31. Explain the term conservatism. Explain with special reference to Europe.

OR

Suggest the initiative action taken by the government to increase the agricultural production..

32. What are the different forms of power sharing in modern democracies? Give an example of each of these.

OR

What is Coalition Government? What is its impact on Indian politics?

33. What is the significance of Secondary sector in Indian economy?

OR

What is the basic idea behind the self help groups(SHG,S) in the rural Economy.

Section E

(12 Marks)

34. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

The first clear expression of nationalism came with the French Revolution in 1789. France was a full-fledged territorial state in 1789 under the rule of an absolute monarch. The political and constitutional changes that came in the wake of the French Revolution led to the transfer of sovereignty from the monarchy to a body of French citizens. The revolution proclaimed that it was the people who would henceforth constitute the nation and shape its destiny. From the very beginning, the French revolutionaries introduced various measures and practices that could create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people. The ideas of La Patrie and Le Citoyen emphasised the notion of a united community enjoying equal rights under a constitution. A new French flag, the tricolour, was chosen to replace the former royal standard. The Estates-General was elected by the body of active citizens and renamed the National Assembly. New hymns were composed, oaths taken and martyrs commemorated, all in the name of the nation. A centralized administrative system was put in place and it formulated uniform laws for all citizens within its territory. Internal customs duties and dues were abolished and a uniform system of weights and measures was adopted. Regional dialects were discouraged and French became the common language of the nation.

- (a) What was the major change that occurred in the political and constitutional scenario due to the French Revolution in Europe?
- (b) Mention the proclamation of the French Revolution.
- (c) Mention any two policies or practices that helped people feel a sense of community.

35. Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

A dam is a barrier across flowing water that obstructs, directs or retards the flow, often creating a reservoir, lake or impoundment. "Dam" refers to the reservoir rather than the structure. Most dams have a section called a spillway or weir over which or through which it is intended that water will flow either intermittently or continuously. Dams are classified according to structure, intended purpose or height. Based on structure and the materials used, dams are classified as timber dams, embankment dams or masonry dams, with several subtypes. According to the height, dams can be categorised as large dams and major dams or alternatively as low dams, medium height dams and high dams.

- (a) What does the word 'Dam' actually refer to?
- (b) Mention any one benefit of a Multi-purpose River Valley Project.
- (c) How have multi-purpose river valley projects a cause of social movements? Explain.

Read the text carefully and answer the questions:

36

Besides seeking more income, one way or the other, people also seek things like equal treatment, freedom, security, and respect of others. They resent discrimination. All these are important goals. In fact, in some cases, these may be more important than more income or more consumption because material goods are not all that you need to live.

6

P.T.O.

Similarly, there are many things that are not easily measured but they mean a lot to our lives. These are often ignored. However, it will be wrong to conclude that what cannot be measured is not important. For development, people look at a mix of goals. It is true that if women are engaged in paid work, their dignity in the household and society increases. However, it is also the case that if there is respect for women there would be more sharing of housework and a greater acceptance of women working outside. A safe and secure environment may allow more women to take up a variety of jobs or run a business. Hence, the developmental goals that people have are not only about better income but also about other important things in life.

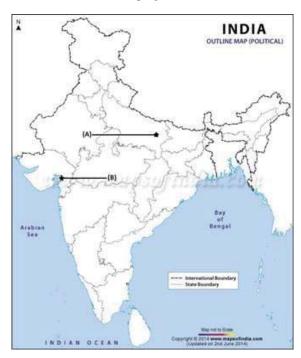
- (a) Explain how people look at a mix of goals for development with an example.
- (b) That which cannot be measured is not important for development. State a reason either in favour or against the statement.

Section F (5 Marks)

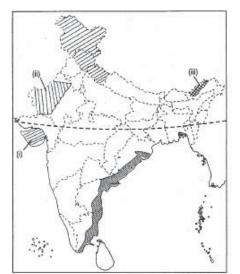
A Two features A and B are marked in the given political map of India. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map.

- i. 1. Place where non-cooperation movement was called off
- ii. 2. Place where no tax campaign was started

37.



B On the political outline map of India given below, identify the soil types in (i), (ii), (iii).



P.T.O.

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BMPS

Bhagwan Mahaveer Public Sr. Sec. School, Banga Class 10th Term - 1

M.M: 50

Subject : Artificial Intelligence

Subject code: 417 Section- A

Do any 4 out of 6 (4x1=4)

1.	Communication is required:		•
	a) At all time b) Frequently	c) At no time	d) Sometimes
2.	The information that the sender wishes to co	•	,
	a) Feedback b) Communication 1	•	d) Noise
3.	The force that is within you drives you to do	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
	a) Self-Awareness b) Self-Regulation	_	None of the above
4	. Converting weakness into strength and strength	•	
	a) self-awareness b) self-confidence		d) self-regulation
5.	Which of the following entrepreneurship refe	•	s in which
	manufacturing, trading, providing services,	_	
	a) Agricultural Entrepreneurship	b) Large Scale E	ntrepreneurship
	c) Small Scale Entrepreneurship	d) Women Entrep	oreneurship
6.	Which of these is not a function of an Entre	preneur?	_
	a) Organization building and management	b) Imbalance	
	c) Innovation	d) Risk-taking	
	Section – B		(20x1=20)
	Do 20 out of 24		
	ith which SDG, the following objective is asso		
S	ocieties for sustainable development; providin	· ·	11.
	a) Responsible Consumption and Production	•	
	c) Peace and Justice Strong Institutions	•	
	t refers to the unsupervised learning algorith		e unknown data
a	ccording to the patterns or trends identified o		
	a) Classification	b) Regression	
0 11	c) Clustering	d) Dimensionality	
3. V	What networks are loosely modeled after how i		orain behave?
	a) Rule-based	b) supervised	
4	c) Neural	d) Unsupervised	
4.	The types of data collected during the AI project c a) Data Features	b) Data Attributes	
	c) Data Collection	d) Data Characteri	etice
5 V	Which of the following is not a data quality me	•	stics
	a) Consistency	b) Non-valid	
	c) Completeness	d) Uniqueness	
	During Data Acquisition, feeding previous dat	· -	alled.
0. 1	a) Evaluating Data	b) Testing Data	anou.
	c) Training Data	d) Predicting Data	
7. \	What is helpful in solving problems for which	,	re?
	a) All of these	b) Output layer ne	
	c) Neural network	d) Regression	

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own rules or algorithms

8. Which of the following is a machine learning approach where the machine generates it's

9. Suppose Kavita Deshmukh is using Alexa chatbot in her home, that is very powerful,				
flexible, and has wide functionality. The chatbot is capable of performing various tasks,				
like playing music, etc. What type of bot sl	ne is using?			
a) Self bot	b) Smart bot			
c) May be smart bot or script bot	d) Script bot			
10. Which term is used for the whole textual da	ata from all the documents altogether d	uring		
Text Normalisation?				
a) Lotus	b) TextInput			
c) Data	d) Corpus			
11. What is the term used for the words occur	ring in all the documents with high terr	m		
frequencies but having the least values?	-			
a) Good words	b) TRIDF			
c) Stop words	d) Qwords			
12. Which term is used to refer to the gramma	, -			
a) Syntax	b) Semantics			
c) Stemming	d) Gram			
13. During Text Normalisation, which step wil	,	a1		
Characters and Numbers.	r come area romoving stopwords, speci			
a) Converting text to a common case.	b) Stemming			
c) Lemmatization	d) Tokenisation			
14. The process of grouping different forms of t	•			
a) Data extraction	b) Lemmatization			
•	•			
c) Tokenization d) Stemming 15. Companies use application of NLP, to identify opinions and feelings/emotions				
online and help them understand what custom		vices.		
a) Sentiment Analsis	b) Automatic Summarization			
c) Text classification	d) Virtual Assistants			
16identify each document i		the		
word from the unique list of words has o				
a) Text Normalization	b) Create Dictionary			
c) Document Vectors	d) All of the above	_		
17. The result of the comparison between the	Prediction and Reality can be recorded	in a		
table which is known as:				
a) Prediction Table	b) Confusion matrix			
c) construction matrix	d) Bag of words			
18. While evaluating a model's performance, re	call parameter considers			
a) False positive	b) True positive			
c) False negative	d) True negative			
Choose the correct option				
a) only (i)	b) (ii) and (iii)			
c) (i) and (iv)	d) (iii) and (iv)			
19. Which of the following talks about how true the predictions are by any model?				
a) Accuracy b) F1 score	c) Reliability d) Reca	.11		
20. Which is a metric that describes how the model performs across all classes?				
a) Misclassification b) Accuracy				
•	ecision			
21. Which of the following evaluation method takes into account the true positive as well				
as false positive together?				
a) Accuracy b) F1 score	c) Recall d) Preci	sion		
a, neediacy b, i i beoic	<u> </u>	J1011		

22. A traffic monitoring AI app always predicts a traffic jam inspite of zero traffic on roads. This is a case of high cost associated with_ a) True Positive b) True Negative c) False Negative d) False Positive 23. We can trust a machinea) Low recall b) Low accuracy d) High precision c) High accuracy 24. _____ can be defined as the fraction of positive cases that are correctly identified. a.Recall b. Accuracy c.Precision d. Data acquisition Section- C

Do 3 out of 5 (2x3=6)

- 1. Enlist seven elements of the communication cycle.
- 2. What are the various barriers to effective communication?
- 3. What is the difference between eustress and distress?
- 4. What are the personal signs of stress?
- 5. What step are considered important for the entrepreneurial process?

Section-D

Do 4 out of 6 (2x4=8)

- 1. Mention two precautions to be taken while acquiring data for developing an AI Project.
- 2. Draw the graphical representation of Regression AI model. Explain in brief
- 3. Give an example of perfect Syntax but no Meaning.
- 4. Why are human languages complicated for a computer to understand? Explain.
- 5. What do you mean by Evaluation of an AI model?
- 6. What is Recall in AI and give the example of equation?

Section-E

Do 3 out 5 (4x3=12)

- 1. Enlist the characteristics of different types of Machine Learning (ML).
- 2. What are the different type of Learning based approach?
- 3. Normalize the given text and comment on the vocabulary before and after the normalization: Raj and Vijay are best friends. They play together with other friends. Raj likes to play football but Vijay prefers to play online games. Raj wants to be a footballer. Vijay wants to become an online gamer.
- 4. Calculate Recall, Precision, and accuracy for the following confusion matrix on coronavirus:

Confusion Matrix on	Reality: True	Reality: False
Zeta virus		
Prediction: Positive	200	10
Prediction: Negative	25	15

5. Deduce the formula of F1 Score? What is the need for its formulation?



BHAGWAN MAHAVEER PUBLIC SR SEC SCHOOL BANGA

TERM-1 (2024-25)

Maximum Marks: 50

Class 10 - Information Technology (402)

Multiple Choice Question: (4)Section-A (Do any 4 out of 6) 1. The communication cycle consists of how many stages? b) 1 a) 6 c) 8 d) 5 2. What is the final step in the communication cycle? a) Encoding b) Receiving c) Decording d) Feedback 3. Rahul works hard to get the best student award at the end of year. What type of motivation is this? a) Internal b) Intermediate c) External d) social 4. Which of the following is an unrealistic goal? i. 1 will read my entire year's syllabus of all subjects in one day. ii. 1 will write 1 page daily to improve my handwriting. iii. Both 1 will read my entire year's syllabus of all subjects in one day and 1 will write 1 page daily to improve my handwriting. iv. None of these c) Option (i) d) Option (ii) a) Option (iii) b) Option (iv) Sustainable development includes _____ 5. a) recycling and reuse of waste materials b) All of these c) using more environment friendly material d) reducing excessive use of resources 6. Sustainable development requires the judicious use of b) man-made resources a) Nature- made resources c) human resources d) natural resources Section-B (Do any 5 out of 6) (5) 1. Without using the mouse or the arrow keys, what is the fastest way of getting to cell A1 in a spreadsheet? d) Press Ctrl + Home a) Press Home b) Press Shift + Home c) Press Alt + Home You can enter which types of data into worksheet cells? 2. b) Labels, values and formulas a) Formulas only c) Values and formulas but not Labels d) Labels and values but not formulas 3. _ is a saved sequence of commands or keystrokes that are stored for later use. b) Merge c) Compare Changes d) Record Changes a) Macro 4. A chart is a tool that is used in a) document b) excel c) database d) mail merge 5. Which option is used to name a range of cells? a) Select Range d) Cell Range b) Define Range c) Range name

6.	The numbers in our wothis?	orksheet look like this:	You want them to look like	e this: \$ 1,000. How	can you accomplish
	i. Select Format > Mo	oney from the menu			
	ii. Click the Currency	Style button on the for	matting toolbar		
	iii. You have to retype	everything and manua	lly add the dollar signs, co	nmas, and decimals	
	iv. None of these				
	a) iii	b) iv	c) i	d) ii	
Section	n-C (Do any 5 out of 6)				(5)
1.	feature of Ca	alc is used to test what	-if questions.		
	a) Goal seek	b) Solver	c) Styles	d) Scenar	io
2.	Which of the following	methods cannot be us	ed to edit the contents of a	cell?	
	a) Press the Alt key	b) Double clicking	the cell c) Pressing	the F2 key d) C	licking the formula bar
3.	Which of the following	g is not valid field of ta	ble Student .		
	a) salary	b) fees	c) name	d) ac	lmno
4.	Which of the following	act as an interface to v	view, enter and change data	in database?	
	a) Query	b) Form	c) Report	d) Ta	able
5.	What data type should b	oe chosen for a zipcode	e field in a table?		
	a) Memo	b) Text	c) Number	d) A	ll of these
6	Which of the following	reflects the importance	e of Goal seek?		
	a) Subtotal	b) Scenario	c) Solver	ď) Consolidate
Section	n-D (Do any 5 out of 6)				(5)
1.	Which language help to a) HTML	extract/fetch data from b) Python	table? c) MYSQL	d) OOBASE	
2.	What do you mean by o	•	between Student and clas	s table?	
	a) Many classes may h	ave many students	b) One class may ha	ave many student	
3.	c) One student can have Which of the following	<u> </u>	d) Many students mof DBMS?	nay have many class	es
	a) Insurance data sec	urity	b) Decreases data	redundancy	
	c) Increases data redu	ındancy	d) Holds data in a	standard format	
4.	A database that contains	tables linked by comm	non fields is called a		
	a) Flat file database	b) Relational	database c) Centralis	sed database d) I	Deentralised database
5.	What is our responsibilit a) Cost	y when checking medi b) Size	cal-related items in a first a c) Color		xpiry
6.	Give some examples of a a) Healthy eating habi	healthy lifestyle.	c) Physical a		ess Management
		ts b) An of these	c) i nysicar a	ictivities u) on	
Secti 1.	<pre>ion-E (Do any 5 out of 6) What basic safety rules s</pre>	hould we follow at the	workplace?		(5)
	a) Electricity Safety	b) Falls and slip	c) Fire safet	y & use of first aid	d) All of these
2.	An organization can fac	e some that	could put the lives of the e		
	a) Shortage	b) Power	c) Issue	d) Health I	Hazards

3.	What are some of the measures to prevent electrical hazards and accidents?							
	a) All of these		b) Use only electrical equipment approved by					
				a recognized organization.				
	c) Train workers to handle electric equipment		d) Av	d) Avoid overloading circuits.				
	safely.							
4.	What type of password can he	elp reduce the risk of a	security	breach?				
	a) Small	b) Weak	c)	Strong	d) Wee	<u>e</u> k		
5.	The High Contrast feature in Microsoft Windows XP is designed to help persons who have impairment						pairments.	
	a) Auditory Impairments	b) Cognitive Impa	irments	c) Visual Imp	airments	d) Dexterity Ir	npairments	
6.	Hazards can be of different types depending on the and the in which the employees work.						vork.	
	a) Opportunity, threat	b) Industry, proble	em	c) Industry, Env	rironment/	d) Occupation	, problem	
Sectio	on F (Do any 3 out of 5 questions)						(6)	
1.	In your opinion, what may be the	purpose of verbal cor	nmunica	tion?				
2.	Describe what we mean by encode	ling a message.						
3.	Enlist the elements of Self- Motiv	vation.						
4.	What are the personal signs of stress?							
5.	Illustrate with an example the im	portance of sustainabl	e develo _l	oment.				
Sectio	on G (Do any 4 out of 6 questions)					(8)	
1.	Name the tools of What-if An	alysis.						
2.	Define cell reference.							
3.	Distinguish between data and information.							
4.	Explain the following with respect to Databases:							
	a. Forms b. Repor	ts c. Ta	able					
5.	Give a list of any four types of	f accidents.						
6.	What is Evacuation Process.							
Secti	ion H (Do any 3 out of 5 question	s)					(12)	
1.	Lokesh is preparing notes for	his upcoming exams.	Help him	to write the corr	ect answer (of the following:		
	i. Goal seek ii. A	Absolute link	iii.	Relative link	iv. N	Macro		
2.	Explain the scenario tool of a	spreadsheet software.						
3.	Describe a database. Give any two real-life examples of databases.							
4.	Give any four steps to maintain healthy lifestyle.							
5.	Consider the following table: Student							
		name Age		City				
		lisha 15 aman 16		Banga Phagwara				
		itesh 17		Banga				
	(i) How many fields are there(ii) Display age of roll no 3(iii) Display name of student of(iv) Display all data of table.							